

Interim consolidated financial statements of

**Iplayco Corporation Ltd.**

June 30, 2009

(Unaudited – Prepared by management, not reviewed by an auditor)

# **Iplayco Corporation Ltd.**

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# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Consolidated balance sheets

	30-Jun-09	30-Sep-08
<b>Assets</b>		
Current		
Cash	\$ 389,528	\$ 1,163,028
Term Deposits	-	400,000
Accounts receivable	772,829	1,444,557
Inventory (Note 4)	1,014,990	1,370,581
Income taxes receivable	-	55,165
Prepaid expenses	91,767	154,526
	<b>2,269,114</b>	4,587,857
Property, plant, and equipment (Note 5)	2,466,215	1,394,731
Future income taxes	92,292	92,289
	<b>\$ 4,827,621</b>	<b>\$ 6,074,877</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current		
Accounts payable	\$ 840,379	\$ 1,459,163
Customer deposits	123,462	899,548
Non-hedging financial derivatives (Note 13)	7,067	30,000
Current portion of rent inducement (Note 11)	22,817	22,817
Current portion of capital lease obligations (Note 6)	103,179	72,334
Loan payable (Note 7)	361,110	486,111
	<b>1,458,014</b>	2,969,973
Rent inducement (Note 11)	83,662	59,704
Capital lease obligations (Note 6)	232,662	247,683
	<b>1,774,338</b>	3,277,360
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>		
Capital stock (Note 9)	1,746,683	1,619,539
Contributed surplus (Note 10)	267,818	129,167
Retained earnings	1,038,782	1,048,811
	<b>3,053,283</b>	2,797,517
	<b>\$ 4,827,621</b>	<b>\$ 6,074,877</b>

### Approved by the Directors

... "Franco Aquila" .....

... "Scott Forbes" .....

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Consolidated statements of income and retained earnings

	Three months ended June 30		Nine months ended June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
<b>Sales</b>	\$ 2,060,291	\$1,333,742	<b>\$ 7,643,385</b>	\$ 5,304,834
Cost of sales	1,136,124	1,026,053	<b>4,552,919</b>	3,500,867
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>924,167</b>	<b>307,689</b>	<b>3,090,466</b>	<b>1,803,967</b>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Accounting and legal	49,937	10,781	<b>189,886</b>	100,612
Advertising and promotion	76,004	55,253	<b>273,448</b>	224,916
Amortization	119,158	28,393	<b>264,930</b>	78,449
Bad debts	(2,582)	(47)	<b>99,033</b>	(558)
Bank charges and interest	25,736	1,658	<b>73,492</b>	8,528
Commissions	-	-		
Foreign exchange loss				
Realized	52,305	12,993	<b>246,587</b>	6,496
Unrealized	12,465	1,159	<b>80,380</b>	-
Insurance	4,631	55,786	<b>155,645</b>	168,691
Office	18,738	20,146	<b>72,856</b>	88,860
Rent	139,928	107,070	<b>407,458</b>	277,872
Repairs and maintenance	22,284	24,141	<b>66,182</b>	68,349
Salaries, commissions, and benefits	310,365	432,712	<b>1,093,792</b>	1,215,085
Utilities	32,141	17,116	<b>89,444</b>	53,782
	<b>861,110</b>	<b>767,161</b>	<b>3,113,133</b>	<b>2,291,082</b>
<b>Income (loss) before income taxes</b>	<b>63,057</b>	<b>(459,472)</b>	<b>(22,667)</b>	<b>(487,115)</b>
<b>Income taxes (recovery)</b>				
Current	(12,638)	-	<b>(12,638)</b>	-
<b>Net income (loss) for the period</b>	<b>75,695</b>	<b>(459,472)</b>	<b>(10,029)</b>	<b>(487,115)</b>
Retained earnings at beginning of the year	963,087	969,560	<b>1,048,811</b>	997,203
<b>Retained earnings at end of the period</b>	<b>\$ 1,038,782</b>	<b>\$ 510,088</b>	<b>\$ 1,038,782</b>	<b>\$ 510,088</b>
<b>Earnings per share</b>				
Basic	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	\$ (0.05)
Diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.05)	<b>\$ (0.00)</b>	\$ (0.05)
<b>Weighted average number of common shares</b>				
Basic	10,220,187	9,768,687	<b>10,210,399</b>	9,767,811
Diluted	10,220,187	9,768,687	<b>10,210,399</b>	9,767,811

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Consolidated statements of cash flows

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	June 30		June 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
<b>Operating activities</b>				
Net income for the year	\$ 75,695	\$ (459,472)	\$ (10,029)	\$(487,115)
Items not involving cash				
Amortization	119,158	28,392	264,930	78,449
Non-hedging financial derivatives	7,067	-	(22,933)	-
Rent inducement	(5,704)	-	23,958	-
Stock based compensation (Note 9)	-	-	179,957	71,448
Unrealized foreign exchange (gain) loss	65,398	1,159	103,313	-
	261,614	(429,921)	539,196	(337,218)
Change in non-cash operating working capital				
Accounts receivable	(161,346)	293,446	568,412	350,610
Inventory	135,933	(221,734)	355,591	(276,721)
Prepaid expenses	18,066	(69,285)	62,759	(125,892)
Accounts payable	(381,875)	226,349	(618,784)	93,088
Customer deposits	33,062	624,521	(776,086)	574,795
Income taxes	55,165	-	55,165	(454,542)
	(300,995)	853,297	(352,943)	161,338
	(39,381)	423,376	186,253	(175,880)
<b>Investing activities</b>				
Net change in term deposits	-	100,000	400,000	350,833
Purchase of capital assets (Note 5)	(168,834)	(78,512)	(1,254,964)	(154,711)
	(168,834)	21,488	(854,964)	196,122
<b>Financing activities</b>				
Proceeds from exercise of stock options and warrants	-	-	85,838	12,450
Repayment of bank loan	(41,667)	-	(125,001)	-
Repayment of capital lease obligations	(21,537)	(9,320)	(65,626)	(27,484)
	(63,204)	(9,320)	(104,789)	(15,034)
<b>Change in cash during the period</b>	(271,419)	435,544	(773,500)	5,208
Cash at beginning of the period	660,947	349,952	1,163,028	780,288
<b>Cash at end of the period</b>	\$ 389,528	\$ 785,496	\$ 389,528	\$ 785,496
<b>Supplemental information</b>				
Income taxes paid (recovery)	\$ (12,638)	\$ -	\$ (12,638)	\$ 454,522
Interest paid	\$ 25,736	\$ 1,645	\$ 73,492	\$ 8,020

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 1. Business operations

The Company is incorporated under the Alberta Business Corporations Act. The Company's business is carried out through its wholly owned subsidiaries, International Play Company Inc. (IPC) and Outdoor Play Company Inc. (OPC). IPC and OPC are major worldwide suppliers of custom designed children's indoor and outdoor play structures. Both IPC and OPC conduct their design, manufacturing and marketing activities at the Company's head office located in Langley, British Columbia. In addition to its manufacturing activities, the Company (through OPC) also operates a family entertainment business ("The Great Escape").

### 2. Basis of presentation

These interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the Company's most recently completed fiscal period ended September 30, 2008. They do not include all disclosures required in annual financial statements but rather are prepared in accordance with recommendations for interim financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. They have been prepared using the same accounting policies and methods as those used in the September 30, 2008 accounts.

The preparation of interim financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of interim financial statements and the revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

These interim financial statements contain all adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for fair presentation of the results for the periods reported.

### 3. Changes in accounting policies

#### General Standards of Financial Statement Presentation (Section 1400)

Section 1400, requires an entity to assess and discuss an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. This Section is effective for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008.

#### Inventories (Section 3031)

Section 3031, provides more guidance on the measurement and disclosure requirements for inventories. This Section is effective for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008.

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 3. Changes in accounting policies (continued)

#### Recent accounting pronouncements not yet adopted

##### Credit risk and fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

In January 2009, the Emerging Issues Committee of the CICA issued EIC-173 "Credit Risk and the Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities." This guidance clarified that an entity's own credit risk and the credit risk of the counterparty should be taken into account in determining the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities including derivative instruments, for presentation and disclosure purposes.

The guidance should be applied retrospectively without restatement of prior periods to all financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value in interim and annual financial statements for periods ending on or after the date of issuance of this Abstract. Retrospective application with restatement of prior periods is permitted but not required. Early adoption is encouraged.

The Company has evaluated the new section and determined that adoption of these new requirements will have no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

##### International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") with IFRS over an expected five year transitional period. In February 2008 the AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publicly-listed companies to use IFRS, replacing Canadian GAAP. This date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The transition date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended September 30, 2010. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of IFRS on its consolidated financial statements.

### 4. Inventory

	June 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Raw materials	\$ 909,615	\$ 1,053,918
Finished goods	-	140,542
Work in progress	105,375	176,121
	<b>\$ 1,014,990</b>	<b>\$ 1,370,581</b>

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 5. Property, Plant, and Equipment

	June 30, 2009		
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Automotive	\$ 49,113	\$ 17,909	\$ 31,204
Computer equipment	328,921	160,501	168,420
Furniture and fixtures	141,805	46,644	95,161
Machinery and equipment	1,617,802	261,062	1,356,740
Moulds	186,491	103,986	82,505
Leasehold improvements	842,412	110,227	732,185
	<b>\$ 3,166,543</b>	<b>\$ 700,329</b>	<b>\$ 2,466,215</b>

During the period ended June 30, 2009 the Company acquired property, plant and equipment totalling \$81,450 by means of capital leases and \$1,254,964 by means of cash. Included in capital assets at June 30, 2009 are assets under capital leases with a cost of \$505,247 and a net book value of \$379,905.

	September 30, 2008		
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Automotive	\$ 43,870	\$ 30,139	\$ 13,731
Computer equipment	288,374	123,201	165,173
Furniture and fixtures	132,715	36,693	96,022
Machinery and equipment	638,152	109,438	528,714
Moulds	191,532	83,013	108,519
Leasehold improvements	459,951	72,086	387,865
Asset under construction	94,707	-	94,707
	<b>\$ 1,849,301</b>	<b>\$ 454,570</b>	<b>\$ 1,394,731</b>

During the year ended September 30, 2008 the Company acquired property, plant and equipment totalling \$1,123,339, \$282,730 by means of capital leases and \$840,609 by means of cash. Included in property, plant and equipment at September 30, 2008 are assets under capital leases with a cost of \$423,041 and a net book value of \$351,424.

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

Included in property, plant and equipment as at September 30, 2008 are assets with a carrying amount of \$998,815 related to the Family Entertainment Centre which was under construction at this date. Amortization on these assets commenced in December 2008 when construction was completed.

### 6. Capital lease obligations

The Company leases various vehicles, moulds, and equipment under capital leases. The future minimum payments under these leases are as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2009</b>
2009	\$ 33,068
2010	132,271
2011	122,939
2012	97,751
2013	28,677
	<u>414,706</u>
Less amount representing interest at 7.67%	<u>(78,865)</u>
	335,841
Less current portion	<u>(103,179)</u>
	<u>\$ 232,662</u>

	<b>September 30, 2008</b>
2009	\$ 102,905
2010	100,550
2011	91,662
2012	76,736
2013	23,969
	<u>395,822</u>
Less amount representing interest at 11.62%	<u>(75,805)</u>
	320,017
Less current portion	<u>(72,334)</u>
	<u>\$ 247,683</u>

### 7. Loan payable

Royal Bank of Canada loan repayable in monthly installments of \$13,889 plus interest at prime plus 1%, repayable in full August 2009, secured by a general security agreement. The Company expects to refinance the facility.

### 8. Operating Loan

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

The Royal Bank of Canada operating loan facility has a limit of \$500,000, subject to certain margin requirements, bears interest at prime plus 0.5% and is secured by a general security agreement. No amounts were drawn on this facility at June 30, 2009 and September 30, 2008.

### 9. Capital stock

#### *Authorized and issued*

A summary of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company follows:

	<b>Number of shares</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Authorized		
Unlimited Common shares, without par value		
Unlimited Preferred shares, without par value		
Issued, common shares		
Balance, September 30, 2007	9,686,687	\$ 1,581,475
Proceeds on exercise of stock options	152,000	28,200
Fair value of options exercised during the year		9,864
Balance, September 30, 2008	9,838,687	\$ 1,619,539
Proceeds on exercise of stock options	381,500	85,838
Fair value of options exercised during the year		41,306
<b>Balance, June 30, 2009</b>	<b>10,220,187</b>	<b>\$ 1,746,683</b>

#### *Stock options and warrants*

The Company has an incentive stock option plan (the "Option Plan"). Under the terms of this Option Plan the Board of Directors may grant incentive stock options to directors and employees of the Company and the exercise price is generally determined by reference to the market price of the Company's stock. Vesting and expiry of options may vary at the discretion of the committee, subject to the rules of the stock exchange. The total number of shares issuable pursuant to the Option Plan cannot exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding shares. As at June 30, 2009, the maximum number of options allowable to be granted under the Option Plan is 1,022,018 (September 30, 2008 – 983,869).

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 9. Capital stock (continued)

*Stock options and warrants – (continued)*

A summary of stock option and warrant activity follows:

	<b>Stock options and warrants</b>	
	Weighted average Number	Price
Outstanding at September 30, 2007	535,000	\$ 0.40
Granted	521,500	\$ 0.23
Exercised	(152,000)	\$ 0.19
Outstanding at September 30, 2008	904,500	\$ 0.31
Granted	991,500	\$ 0.26
Exercised	(381,500)	\$ 0.23
Expired	(523,000)	\$ 0.39
<b>Outstanding at June 30, 2009</b>	<b>991,500</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>

The following table summarizes information about director and employee stock options outstanding at June 30, 2009 and September 30, 2008:

	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Exercise prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life	Weighted Average Exercise Life	Number Exercisable	Weighted Average Exercise Price
<b>June 2009</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>	<b>991,500</b>	<b>0.5 Years</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>	<b>991,500</b>	<b>\$ 0.26</b>
Sept 2008	\$ 0.23-0.40	904,500	0.2 Years	\$ 0.31	904,500	\$ 0.31

The Company uses the fair value method to account for stock options and warrants granted to employees and consultants. During the nine months ended June 30, 2009 there were 991,500 stock options issued with a fair value of \$179,957 credited to contributed surplus. During the year ended September 30, 2008, 521,500 stock options were issued with a fair value of \$71,446 credited to contributed surplus. The fair value was estimated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following range of assumptions:

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 9. Capital stock (continued)

*Stock options and warrants – (continued)*

	June 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Risk-free interest rate	0.96%	3.07%-4.33%
Expected volatility	120.44%	57.18%-80.40%
Expected average life of options	1 year	1 year
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%

*Escrowed shares*

During the quarter ended June 30, 2009, 777,452 (September 30, 2008 – 777,452) shares were released from escrow. At June 30, 2009, 388,725 (September 30, 2008 – 1,166,177) common shares are held in escrow. The release of the escrowed shares is governed by the underlying escrow and pooling agreements, and are eligible for release in the fiscal years ended as follows:

2010	388,725
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### 10. Contributed surplus

Charges and credits to contributed surplus are related to stock options and are as follows:

	June 30 2009	September 30 2008
Opening balance	\$ 129,167	\$ 67,585
Compensation expense	179,957	71,446
Options exercised	(41,306)	(9,864)
Closing balance	\$ 267,818	\$ 129,167

### 11. Commitments

On June 4, 2009, the Royal Bank of Canada operating loan facility was renewed with a limit of \$500,000, subject to certain margin requirements, bears interest at prime plus 1.5% and is secured by a general security agreement. No amounts were drawn on this facility at June 30, 2009.

The Company leases premises and certain equipment under long-term operating lease agreements that expire at various dates. Future minimum lease payments payable over the next five years, including estimated occupancy costs, are as follows:

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

2009	\$ 149,991
2010	615,373
2011	363,015
2012	301,269
2013	239,365
	<hr/>
	\$ 1,669,012

On February 6, 2008, the Company entered into an operating lease agreement, for the purposes of operating a Family Entertainment Centre, commencing on March 1, 2008 to February 29, 2014 with the first ten months of basic rent forgiven. The rent inducement of \$117,887 has been included in these financial statements and is recognized into income on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

### 12. Contingent Liability

During the period ended June 30, 2009, the Company accumulated an approximate bonus liability of approximately \$68,900 contingent upon \$100,000 in profit attained quarterly (or \$400,000 attained annually), to be accrued and paid annually. This amount has not been included in these financial statements.

### 13. Financial instruments and risk management

#### (a) Classification of financial instruments and fair value

The following table summarizes information relating to the Company's financial instruments for the periods ending June 30, 2009 and September 30, 2008

Class of Financial Instruments	Consolidated Balance Sheet Categories Included	Carrying Amount	
		June 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Held for trading financial assets	Cash and term deposits	\$ 389,528	\$ 1,563,028
Loans and receivables	Accounts receivable	772,829	1,444,557
Other liabilities	Accounts payable and loan payable	1,201,489	1,945,274
Non-hedging financial derivatives designated as held for trading	Non-hedging financial derivatives - liability	7,067	30,000

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 13. Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

#### *(b) Classification of financial instruments and fair value*

The carrying values of cash, term deposits, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their fair market values due to their short-term maturities. The loan payable and capital lease obligations bear interest at current market rates and as a result their carrying values approximate their fair values.

The carrying value of non-hedging financial derivatives is equivalent to its fair value which was determined using observable market inputs.

#### *(c) Risks and risk management*

Financial instruments may expose the Company to a number of financial risks, including market risk (interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program seeks to mitigate these risks and reduce the volatility that may otherwise affect its financial performance.

The risks associated with the Company's financial instruments and the Company's policies for minimizing these risks are detailed below.

##### *(i) Market risk*

###### *a) Interest rate risk*

Interest rate risk refers to the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument or the future cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company's interest rate risk arises primarily from its long-term debt which bears interest at variable rates which exposes the Company to changes in its debt servicing cash flows. The Company also has an operating loan which is subject to variable interest rates; however, no amounts were drawn on this facility during the periods ended June 30, 2009 and September 31, 2008. Capital lease obligations bear interest at fixed rates.

The Company manages interest rate risk on its debt portfolio by controlling the mix of liabilities with fixed and variable interest rate obligations and attempting to ensure access to diverse sources of funding.

A sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk has not been performed for the quarter ended June 30, 2009 as the effect of a change in interest rates would have been minimal as the loan payable (Note 7) repayments only began in September 2008 and the Company did not use their operating line during fiscal 2008.

###### *b) Currency risk*

Currency risk refers to the risk that the value of a financial instrument or cash flows associated with the instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates.

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 13. Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

#### b) Currency risk (continued)

The Company has significant sales denominated in U.S. dollars, which exceeds the natural hedge provided by the purchase of products denominated in U.S. dollars, and is therefore exposed to financial risk resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and the degree of volatility of these rates. The Company manages this risk by entering into foreign exchange forward contracts.

At June 30, 2009 the Company has a commitment to sell \$307,736 of U.S. dollars.

The fair value of contracts outstanding at June 30, 2009 is a liability of \$7,067 and is recorded as an unrealized foreign exchange loss in the consolidated statement of income.

A sensitivity analysis has been performed assuming the foreign exchange rate changes by 10% as at June 30, 2009. For every 10% weakening of the U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar, with all other variables held constant, net income and comprehensive income would decrease by \$79,000. A strengthening of the U.S. dollar against the Canadian dollar would have the opposite effect.

#### (ii) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The carrying amounts of cash, term deposits, and accounts receivable on the consolidated balance sheet represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its accounts receivable. Accounts receivable is disclosed on the balance sheet net of provision for bad debts, estimated by management based on prior experience and its assessment of the current economic environment. The Company believes that the credit risk of accounts receivable is limited because of its policy to receive significant upfront deposits from customers prior to product shipment and management's ongoing credit evaluations of customers.

Accounts receivable with three customers represent approximately 35% of the balance of accounts receivable as at June 30, 2009 (September 30, 2008 – two customers represented approximately 59% of accounts receivable). It is the opinion of management that this account does not represent a significant credit risk.

The credit risk associated with the Company's cash is limited because these financial assets are held through large Canadian financial institutions with a high investment grade rating.

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

### 13. Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

#### (ii) Credit risk (continued)

The Company's aging of accounts receivable is as follows:

	June 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Trade receivables		
Current	\$ 399,013	\$ 413,005
Aged between 31 – 60 days	96,419	800,755
Aged between 61 – 90 days	121,809	556
Aged greater than 90 days	144,110	179,734
	<b>761,351</b>	1,394,050
Other receivables	26,706	53,977
Allowance for doubtful accounts	<b>(15,228)</b>	(3,470)
	<b>\$ 772,829</b>	\$ 1,444,557

Changes in the Company's allowance for doubtful accounts are as follows:

	June 30, 2009	September 30, 2008
Opening balance	\$ 3,470	\$ 136,203
Write-offs	-	(133,557)
Recovered	-	(2,646)
Increase in allowance	11,758	3,470
Closing balance	<b>\$ 15,228</b>	\$ 3,470

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company manages its liquidity risk through maintaining cash and term deposits and access to undrawn credit facilities, and adheres to its capital management policies outlined in Note 15.

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements June 30, 2009

### 13. Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

#### (iii) Liquidity risk

The Company's contractual maturities of its financial liabilities as at June 30, 2009 are as follows:

	Carrying amount	Contractual Cash Flow Obligations (1)	0 to 6 Months	6 to 12 Months	12 to 24 Months	After 24 Months
Accounts payable	840,379	840,379	840,379	-	-	-
Capital lease obligations	335,841	414,706	66,136	66,136	125,272	157,162
Loans payable	361,110	380,241	87,292	87,292	174,584	31,073-
	<u>\$ 1,537,330</u>	<u>\$ 1,635,326</u>	<u>\$ 993,807</u>	<u>\$ 153,428</u>	<u>\$ 299,856</u>	<u>\$ 188,235</u>

(1) Includes interest

### 14. Segmented information and concentration of sales

#### (a) Business segments

The Company operates in two business segments: manufacturing custom designed children's indoor and outdoor play structures and a family entertainment centre ("Great Escape"). Inter-segment transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Information related to the two business segments operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	Manufacturing	Family Entertainment Centre	Total
Sales	\$ 6,866,154	\$ 777,231	\$ 7,643,385
Cost of sales	4,113,156	439,763	4,552,919
Gross profit	2,752,998	337,468	3,090,466
Operating expenses	2,623,974	482,092	3,106,066
Income (Loss) before income taxes	129,024	(144,624)	(15,600)

The Family Entertainment Centre not loss (\$144,624) included net start up expenses of \$117,647, and amortization costs of \$187,297.

# Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

## Notes to interim consolidated financial statements

June 30, 2009

During the year ended September 30, 2008, the Company only operated the manufacturing segment.

(b) Geographic and customer information

All of the Company's assets are located in Canada.

The Company attributes revenue amounts to geographical areas based on where the customer is located. Information related to geographical areas is as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2009</b>	June 30, 2008
Revenues		
North America	<b>\$ 5,502,780</b>	\$ 4,464,955
Europe	<b>300,548</b>	296,767
Middle East	<b>1,341,959</b>	66,835
Asia Pacific	<b>165,895</b>	158,469
Latin America	<b>332,203</b>	317,808
	<b>\$ 7,643,385</b>	\$ 5,304,834

During the nine months ended June 30, 2009, three customers accounted for 17% of the Company's total revenues.

### 15. Capital Disclosure

The Company's capital consists of shareholders' equity, capital leases obligations, long-term debt and an operating loan. The Company's objective when managing its capital is to safeguard the Company's assets while at the same time maximizing the growth of its business and the returns to its shareholders.

This objective is achieved by prudently managing the capital generated through internal growth, optimizing the use of lower cost capital and raising share capital when required to fund growth initiatives. During 2008, the Company funded its operations from internally generated cash flows and utilized new capital leases and term debt facilities to fund start up costs and expenditures related to the new Family Entertainment Centre (Note 14).

The Company does not use financial ratios to manage capital and is not subject to externally imposed requirements which have an impact on its management of capital except for the margin requirements of its operating loan.

### 16. Subsequent Events

On August 4, 2009, a non-revolving term loan in the amount of \$500,000, repayable in 36 months, bearing interest at prime plus 3.95% was renewed for a period of one year. \$361,110 was drawn on this facility at June 30, 2009

**FORM 51-102F1**

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS**  
**FOR THE QUARTER ENDING JUNE 30, 2009**

**IPLAYCO CORPORATION LTD.**

**20216 – 98th Avenue**  
**Langley, BC V1M 3G1**  
**Telephone: 604-882-1188**  
**Fax: 604-882-1977**

The following discussion and analysis of the financial position of Iplayco Corporation Ltd. (“Iplayco” or the “Company”) and results of operations of the Company for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 is the responsibility of management. The Board of Directors carries out its responsibility for review of the disclosure principally through its Audit Committee, which is comprised primarily of independent directors. The Audit Committee reviews this disclosure and recommends its approval by the Board of Directors. The MD&A dated August 28, 2009 is prepared in conformity with National Instrument 51-102F1 and has subsequently been approved by the Board of Directors.

The accompanying financial statements and related notes have been in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles. These statements, together with the following management’s discussion and analysis dated August 28, 2009 are intended to provide investors with a reasonable basis for assessing the financial performance of the Company as well as forward-looking statements relating to the potential future performance. The information in the MD&A may contain forward-looking statements. These statements are subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from those implied by the forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date the statements were made, and readers are advised to consider such forward-looking statements in light of the risks as set forth below.

Additional information regarding the Company can be found on SEDAR at [www.sedar.com](http://www.sedar.com). All amounts are stated in CDN dollars.

The following is a discussion of the consolidated financial condition and results of operations of Iplayco Corporation Ltd. (the “Company”). The analytical comments are current as of August 28, 2009 and should be read in conjunction with the Company’s September 30, 2008 year end audited consolidated financial statements, and the accompanying financial statements for the nine months ended June 30, 2009.

**Forward – Looking Statements**

The Company’s Annual Report and this analysis contain certain forward-looking statements which reflect the Company’s current assessment of future events, business outlook, and expected financial performance. Such statements are subject to assumptions which may be incorrect, and

to uncertainties and risks which are difficult to forecast. The future events and financial performance may differ materially from those predicted in these statements.

## **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

### **Nine Months Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008**

#### **Revenue**

Iplayco's revenue is derived from the sales of its wholly owned operating subsidiaries International Play Company Inc. ("IPC") and Outdoor Play Company Inc. ("OPC").

IPC and OPC design, manufacture, and market children's modular playground equipment from the Company's factory and head office in Langley, British Columbia. The size and complexity of the play structures dictates the time required to manufacture, ship, and install individual playgrounds; diverse factors such as customer locations, capital budgets, exotic theme requirements, may cause project completion timelines to vary from a few weeks to several months. The Company's products are sold and installed on a worldwide basis; typical markets include family entertainment centers, theme parks, malls, day care centers, fitness clubs, and playground facilities sponsored by municipalities and various nonprofit organizations. Over the past several years, there has been an increasing customer demand for significantly larger, more complex and more costly structures.

Sales revenue for the three months ended June 30, 2009 was \$2,060,291, up \$726,549 (54%) from 2008; higher playground equipment sales (up by \$379,264) were further supported by \$347,285 retail sales from the Company's newly opened family entertainment centre in Langley.

For the year to date, sales of \$7,643,385, were \$2,338,551 (44%) higher than the prior year.

The increase in June 30, 2009 year to date sales was attributable primarily to higher Middle Eastern sales (up by \$1,275,124) reflecting the effects of stronger Middle East markets, despite the general weakening of global economic conditions during 2008 and 2009; in addition, revenue improvements were realized from higher North American sales (up by \$1,037,825), reflecting the effects of increased market share, and inclusion of retail sales (\$777,231) from the new family entertainment centre.

#### **Gross Profit**

Gross profit of \$924,167 during the three months ended June 30, 2009 increased by \$616,478 (200%) from the prior year.

On a year to date basis, gross profit for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 of \$3,090,466 increased by \$1,286,499 (71%) from \$1,803,967 last year.

For the three months ended June 30, 2009 the favorable gross profit was primarily the result of reduced material costs with a focus on larger more complex structures and reduced wages and benefits with a slower growth than anticipated.

For the year to date, the higher gross profit in 2009 was the result of higher total sales volume, and the favorable profit margin realized on larger sales (approximately \$1,746,000) to six customers in the first quarter; larger projects generally provide a greater opportunity for the Company to realize higher gross margins that offset the lower gross profit on the smaller sales in the second quarter. Gross profits during the first nine months of 2009 were 40% of sales, as compared with 34% in 2008.

### **Operating Expenses**

Operating expenses of \$861,110 for the three months ended June 30, 2009 were \$93,949 (12%) higher than the comparable period in 2008.

Year to date operating expenses of \$3,113,133 for the nine month period ended June 30, 2009 were \$822,051 (36%) higher than 2008.

Higher operating expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2008 were due mainly to higher amortization (up by \$90,765), foreign exchange losses (higher by \$43,551), accounting and legal (up by \$39,156) rent (higher by \$32,858), and bank charges and interest (up by \$24,078, for the same reasons referred to in the following discussion of year to date operating expenses. These increases are partially offset by a decrease to salaries, commissions and benefits of \$122,347.

Higher operating expenses for the year to date were due primarily to increased foreign exchange losses (up by \$320,468), increased amortization (up by \$186,481), higher rent (up by \$129,586), increased bad debt (up by \$99,591), higher accounting and legal (up by \$89,274), and increased bank charges and interest (up by \$64,964). These increases were partially offset by a decrease to salaries, commissions, and benefits of \$121,293.

A substantial portion of the Company's sales are settled in US dollars. The weaker Canadian dollar versus the US dollar during the latter part of 2008 and 2009 was a major contributor to the foreign exchange losses, because of forward foreign exchange contracts negotiated earlier in 2008, when the US and Canadian dollars had been closer to par. The increases in rent, bank charges and interest, and amortization are attributable to the addition of the first location of a new retail family entertainment division ("The Great Escape") that opened in December, 2008. The increase in accounting and legal is the direct result of additional public company regulatory requirements and numerous accounting policy changes as Canada moves to international financial reporting standards ("IFRS"). The increase in bad debts during 2009 was due mainly to the provision for non collection of a single customer in the US.

Insurance expense included the premium costs for product liability, property loss, directors' and officers' liability coverage, key man insurance, and a provision for the settlement of injury claims. The major portion of insurance costs results from product liability premiums because of the volume of the Company's sales into the US and the generally litigious nature of doing business in the US.

### **Loss before Income Taxes**

The profit before taxes for the three months ended June 30, 2009 of \$63,057 as compared with a loss of \$459,472 for the prior year, resulted from more profitable mix in sales of playground

equipment in 2009, and cost saving initiatives undertaken by management resulting in lower salaries, staff commissions, and benefits.

The 2009 year to date loss before taxes of \$22,667 decreased by \$464,448 over last year. The upturn in operating results for the year is due mainly more profitable mix in sales of playground equipment in 2009, and lower salaries, commissions, and benefits.

### Income Taxes

The income statement showed a recovery of \$12,638 in income tax relating to the prior year. No current income tax expense was booked as the Company is in a loss position for the year. The company's accounting policies with respect to income taxes are described in Notes 3 and 12 in the accompanying notes to the September 30, 2008 audited consolidated financial statements.

### Net Loss

Net loss for the nine months ended was \$10,029 (\$0.00 rounded loss per share), as compared to a net loss of \$487,115 (\$0.05 loss per share) last year.

The following table reflects the financial highlights for the Company for the last eight quarterly periods.

### Summary of Quarterly Results

(\$000 except earnings per share)

	Jun 30 2009	Mar 31 2009	Dec 31 2008	Sep 30 2008	Jun 30 2008	Mar 31 2008	Dec 31 2007	Sep 30 2007
Sales	\$ 2,060	\$ 2,120	\$ 3,463	\$ 3,838	\$ 1,334	\$ 2,167	\$ 1,804	\$ 2,306
Net income (loss)	\$ 63	\$ (313)	\$ 227	\$ 539	\$ (459)	\$ 255	\$ (288)	\$ (43)
Earnings (loss) per share								
Basic	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.06	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.00
Diluted	\$ 0.01	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.06	\$ (0.05)	\$ 0.03	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.00

### *Second Quarter Ended March 31, 2009 Compared to the Previous Year*

Sales for three months ended March 31, 2009 were \$2,119,948, a decrease of \$47,362 (2%) over the prior year, due to additional sales from the new family entertainment centre offset by lower North American playground equipment sales. The Company had a pre tax loss of \$415,241 a decrease of \$675,782 over the comparable period in 2008; this decrease was due to lower playground equipment sales and increased amortization, rent, and bank charges and interest related to the opening of the family entertainment centre.

### *First Quarter Ended December 31, 2008 Compared to the Previous Year*

Sales for three months ended December 31, 2008 were \$3,463,146, an increase of \$1,659,364 or 92% over 2007. The increase was attributable primarily to higher Middle Eastern sales (up by

\$968,468) and higher North American sales (up by \$726,762), reflecting the effects of stronger Middle East markets in 2009, offsetting the general weakening of global economic conditions during 2008. During the three months ended December 31, 2008, the Company earned a profit on operations before taxes of \$329,517, as compared with a loss of \$288,184 for the comparable period in 2007; the improvement in operating results for the year is due mainly to larger dollar sales that reflect a higher profit margin.

#### ***Fourth Quarter Ended September 30, 2008 Compared to the Previous Year***

Total sales of \$3,838,358 during the three month period ended September 30, 2008 increased by \$1,531,985 (66%) over the comparable period in 2007. The increase was attributable mainly to shipments into the US, as a backlog of client requested shipment delays was cleared. The income during the fourth quarter of 2008 was \$539,000, an increase of \$582,000 from the previous year. The 2008 fourth quarter gain was mainly a result of increased sales, lower foreign exchange losses and the absence of significant bad debt expenses, partially offset by an increase in rent expense related to the new retail operations. The 2007 fourth quarter foreign exchange losses resulted mainly from recognition in the Company's accounts, of an unrealized loss on conversion of US cash and term deposits held on deposit at September 30, 2007. During the year, the Company expanded its foreign exchange risk management policies; current practices include using forward foreign exchange contracts.

### **LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES**

#### ***Cash Position***

Cash provided by operating activities totaled \$186,253 during the nine months ended June 30, 2009 compared to cash utilized by operating activities of \$175,880 in 2008. The increase during 2009 was attributable mainly to decreases in accounts receivable and inventory, partially offset by decreases in accounts payable and customer deposits.

Cash utilized for investing activities totaled \$854,964 primarily for the purchase of property, plant and equipment, for the new family entertainment centre retail location.

Cash utilized for financing activities totaled \$104,789 mainly for the reduction to the bank loan and capital leases relating to the new family entertainment centre retail location.

As a normal course of business, IPC and OPC collect advance payments when sales contracts are entered into; upon factory completion of equipment fabrication and shipment, the amounts of the sales contracts are invoiced and recognized as revenue, and the advance payments are applied to the sales as collections on account. The balance of advance payments received from customers that have not been applied to accounts receivable, are described as "Customer deposits" on the balance sheet; the terms of payment in customer contracts stipulate that deposits received are non-refundable.

The cash advances and payments from customers, together with credit from suppliers and investments from shareholders, have historically provided the required working capital for day to day operations.

The Company's future plans include the development of owned and operated Family Entertainment Centers ("FEC's"). In December 2008, the first owned and operated FEC was opened in Langley B.C, at a location near the Company's head office and factory. This location will provide a showcase for the Company's products, and the additional revenues are expected to generate increased Company profits and cash flow.

The Company has entered into the following two loan facilities with the Royal Bank of Canada:

An operating line of credit with a limit of \$500,000, bearing interest at prime plus 0.5%; this facility was arranged to accommodate the short term revolving cash requirements of the Company's day to day operations; as at this report date this line of credit has not been utilized.

A non-revolving loan in the amount of \$500,000, repayable over 36 months, bearing interest at prime plus 1% was arranged to assist the start up costs related to the new retail location. As at this report date, the Company has found it necessary to use this facility to purchase capital assets for the new retail location. The loan is due in full in August 2009, at which time the Company expects to refinance it. \$125,001 has been repaid to June 30, 2009.

Management expects to meet its operating cash requirements through fiscal 2009, including required working capital investments, capital expenditures, and currently scheduled repayments of debt, from cash on hand, committed borrowing capacity, and positive cash flows from both manufacturing and the new retail operations.

### **Foreign Currency Translation**

The Company's activities are primarily conducted in international markets and consequently its financial results and competitiveness are subject to the effects of fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. A large portion of the Company's expenses are incurred in Canadian dollars whereas a substantial percentage its sales are denominated in US dollars, and converted to Canadian dollars for financial statement reporting. As a consequence, operating results are subject to the effects of foreign exchange gains and losses arising from the movement of the U.S. dollar in relation to the Canadian dollar.

For reporting purposes, the Company converts all non-Canadian dollar monetary balances to balances on hand at the fiscal period ends, at the prevailing exchange rates. The resulting conversion gives rise to unrealized foreign exchange gains or losses, depending on the exchanges rate in effect.

To minimize exposure to foreign exchange fluctuations, the Company utilizes forward foreign exchange contracts, and monitoring of exchange rates for the negotiation of currency spot rates.

### **OUTLOOK**

The Company's sales group is continuously enhancing its marketing activities through increased attendance at trade shows, website upgrades, and monitoring of the effectiveness of product advertising.

The majority of the Company's sales are made in foreign markets. Despite encouraging progress in the Company's business development, factors that could have a negative impact during the coming year are an uncertain global economy and a more challenging competitive environment. These factors combined will require the Company to effectively manage operating costs while growing its overall business. The Company will continue to focus on execution of a strategy of profitable growth. Management will concentrate on increased market focus and on differentiating the Company competitively, by meeting the unique requirements of its customers in both its manufacturing and retail divisions.

On December 19, 2008 the Company opened for business its first retail Family Entertainment Centre ("The Great Escape") in Langley: revenue growth during the first six months was restricted because installation of several of the major play elements was not completed until March 2009. During the three months ended June 30, 2009, gross revenue of \$347,284 was offset by cost of sales of \$187,253 and expenses of \$205,118, resulting in an \$45,087 operating loss.

For the nine months ended June 30, 2009, the centre realized sales of \$777,231, offset by \$439,763 cost of sales and operating expenses of \$482,092, resulting in a loss of \$144,624. The nine month year to date loss is largely attributable to costs incurred and absence of revenue during the first quarter construction period. Included in total operating expenses (\$482,092) are amortization costs (\$187,297), rent (\$152,936), and bank charges and interest (\$41,101).

This expansion is a logical extension of the Company's core business, and is expected to enhance and stabilize earnings and cash flow. Management is confident that the ability to provide potential customers with ready access to a fully operating, well planned and imaginatively themed entertainment centre will prove to be a powerful marketing tool and will increase profitability. The Langley centre, which will serve as a family entertainment staff training centre, is planned to be the first in a series of operational turn-key facilities in North America.

### **Commitments**

The Company leases premises and certain equipment under long-term operating lease agreements that expire at various dates. Future minimum lease payments payable over the next five years, including estimated occupancy costs, are as follows:

2009	\$ 149,991
2010	615,373
2011	363,015
2012	301,269
2013	239,365
	<hr/>
	\$ 1,669,012

On February 6, 2008, the Company entered into a new operating lease agreement for the family entertainment centre, commencing on March 1, 2008 to February 29, 2014 with the first ten months of basic rent forgiven during the construction period.

### Capital lease obligations

The Company leases various vehicles, moulds, and equipment under capital leases. The future minimum payments under these leases are as follows:

	<b>June 30, 2009</b>
2009	\$ 33,068
2010	132,271
2011	122,939
2012	97,751
2013	28,677
	<hr/> 414,706
Less amount representing interest at 7.67%	(78,865)
	<hr/> 335,841
Less current portion	(103,179)
	<hr/> \$ 232,662

### OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

There are currently no off balance sheet arrangements.

### LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

There are several unsettled claims arising from injuries sustained at U.S. customer sites, for which at June 30, 2009, the Company made a possible loss provision in the financial statements. The provision is not material, and is considered adequate as at the date of this report.

A competitor has recently initiated an action against the Company for alleged copy write infringement. The Company's position is that the allegation is unfounded, and will be aggressively defended. Due to the uncertainty in providing a reasonable estimate of a possible settlement or judgment, there has been no loss provision in the financial statements for this matter.

### SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company operates in two business segments; the manufacture of custom designed children's playground equipment, and the operations of a family entertainment center, which opened for business in December 2008. Additional information relating to the two segments is contained in Note 14 of the accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Information related to the two business segments operations for the nine months ended June 30, 2009 is as follows:

	<b>Manufacturing</b>	<b>Family Entertainment Centre</b>	<b>Total</b>
Sales	\$6,866,154	\$777,231	\$7,643,385
Cost of sales	4,113,156	439,763	4,552,919
Gross profit	2,752,998	337,468	3,090,466
Operating expenses	2,546,341	177,148	2,723,489
Income (Loss) on operations	206,657	160,320	366,977
Start up costs	-	117,647	117,647
Amortization	77,633	187,297	264,930
	77,633	304,944	382,577
Income (Loss) before income taxes	129,024	(144,624)	(15,600)

## EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

### Summary Compensation Table

Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary	Option Based Awards (\$)	Annual Incentive Plans	Other Compensation (\$)	Total Compensation (\$)
Franco Aquila - CEO	2007	161,503	Nil	90,734		252,237
	2008	169,575	8,400	69,781		247,756
Scott Forbes - President	2007	161,503	Nil	90,734		252,237
	2008	169,575	8,400	69,781		247,756
Robert Adanac - CFO	2007	104,593	Nil			104,593
	2008	115,052	1,400			116,452
Terence Forbes - Exec VP	2007	52,714	Nil			52,714
	2008	55,351	1,400			56,751
Mark Neale - Director	2007		16,800			
	2008		11,200		2,400	13,600
David Perkins - Director	2007		Nil			
	2008		22,400		2,400	24,800
David Wood - Director and Chairman	2007		Nil			
	2008		\$ 11,200		\$ 2,400	\$ 13,600

## CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

During the period ended June 30, 2009, the Company accumulated a bonus liability of approximately \$68,900 contingent upon \$100,000 in profit attained quarterly, to be paid

annually. This amount has not been included in these financial statements. With the exception of the unsettled injury claims, the Company is unaware of any other contingent liabilities.

## **FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

The Company's utilization of financial instruments is described in Note 13 of the accompanying Notes to consolidated financial statements June 30, 2009 and 2008.

## **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

The global nature of this business involves a high degree of risk with global markets weakening and the onset of a recession. The Company has attempted to limit this risk by targeting an additional segment of the retail market in an effort to tap additional sales and showcase the Company's products.

## **DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS**

Investors should be aware that inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of a venture issuer to design and implement on a cost effective basis disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR), as defined by NI 52-109 may result in additional risks to the quality, transparency and timeliness of filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

## **CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY**

### **General Standards of Financial Statement Presentation (Section 1400)**

Section 1400, requires an entity to assess and discuss an entity's ability to continue as a going concern. This Section is applicable for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2008. The Company has adopted these new standards for its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2008.

### **Inventories (Section 3031)**

Section 3031, provides more guidance on the measurement and disclosure requirements for inventories. This Section is applicable to interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2008. The Company has adopted these new standards for its fiscal year beginning October 1, 2008.

## **INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS**

In 2006, the Canadian Accounting Standards Board ("AcSB") published a new strategic plan that will significantly affect financial reporting requirements for Canadian companies. The AcSB strategic plan outlines the convergence of Canadian GAAP with IFRS over an expected five year transitional period. In February 2008 the AcSB announced that 2011 is the changeover date for publicly-listed companies to use IFRS, replacing Canadian GAAP. This date is for interim and annual financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. The

transition date of January 1, 2011 will require the restatement for comparative purposes of amounts reported by the Company for the year ended September 30, 2010.

## SHARE DATA

1. Summary of securities issued and options granted.
  - (a) Summary of securities issued during the period: during the period ended June 30, 2009 the Company issued the following securities:  
  
381,500 common shares on the exercise of stock options
  - (b) Summary of options granted during the period:  
  
During the period ended June 30, 2009, 991,500 stock options were granted.
  - (c) Summary of options expired during the period:  
  
During the period ended June 30, 2009, 523,000 stock options expired.
2. Summary of Securities as at the end of the Reporting Period:
  - (a) Authorized share capital: The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The Corporation is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares.
  - (b) Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding: 10,220,187
  - (c) Summary of Options, Warrants and Securities outstanding  
  
As at June 30, 2009 there were 991,500 outstanding stock options exercisable at \$0.255 per share, have a fair value of \$179,957, and expire on January 14, 2010.
  - (d) Number of shares in each class of shares subject to escrow or pooling agreements:  
  
The total number of securities of the Company held in escrow as at June 30, 2009 is 388,725 common shares, representing approximately 4 % of the class.

## **LIST OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

As at the date of this report, the following are the directors and officers of the Company:

Franco Aquila Director and Chief Executive Officer  
Robert Adanac Chief Financial Officer  
Scott C. Forbes Director and President  
Terence E. Forbes Director and Executive Vice-President  
Mark Neale Independent Director  
David Perkins Independent Director  
David L. Wood Independent Director and Chairman

### **Approved on behalf of the Board**

"Scott Forbes"

Scott Forbes, President and Director

"Franco Aquila"

Franco Aquila, CEO and Director