



Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
Three months ended March 31, 2013
Unaudited (*Expressed in Canadian dollars*)

**NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 Part 4, subsections 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of the Corporation have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Corporation's management.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Table of contents

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position	1
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) ..	2
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity	3
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows	4
Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements	5-12

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	March 31, 2013	September 30, 2012
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,024,409	\$ 841,008
Restricted cash (Note 6)	-	300,000
Trade and other receivables	2,081,230	879,663
Inventories	1,044,385	727,495
Prepaid expenses	184,519	177,120
	4,334,543	2,925,286
Non-current assets		
Property and equipment	1,526,013	1,599,945
Deferred income tax asset	146,587	314,736
Total Assets	\$ 6,007,143	\$ 4,839,967
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current liabilities		
Packing credit loans (Note 5)	\$ 989,448	\$ -
Trade payables, accrued charges and other	1,352,861	1,363,342
Customer deposits	581,637	421,217
Current portion of rent inducement	47,545	45,127
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	13,925	58,826
Notes payable (Note 6)	-	300,000
Revolving loans (Note 6)	310,000	410,000
	3,295,416	2,598,512
Non-current liabilities		
Rent inducement	138,544	159,378
Finance lease liabilities	-	1,826
Total Liabilities	3,433,960	2,759,716
Shareholders' Equity		
Share capital	1,757,643	1,757,643
Share-based payments reserve	256,858	256,858
Retained earnings	558,682	65,750
Total Shareholders' Equity	2,573,183	2,080,251
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	\$ 6,007,143	\$ 4,839,967

Subsequent events (Note 8)

"Franco Aquila"
.....
Chief Executive Officer

"David A. Perkins"
.....
Chairman of the Board

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars, except number of shares)

	Three months ended March 31,		Six months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Sales	\$ 3,223,754	\$ 2,762,665	\$ 6,719,249	\$ 4,546,993
Cost of sales	2,065,693	1,762,257	4,212,401	2,895,225
Gross profit	1,158,061	1,000,408	2,506,848	1,651,768
Selling and administrative expenses	895,726	866,369	1,799,557	1,672,307
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(21,461)	(4,484)	(10,394)	10,844
	874,265	861,885	1,789,163	1,683,151
Operating income (loss)	283,796	138,523	717,685	(31,383)
Finance costs	25,835	22,547	56,604	44,891
Income (loss) before income taxes	257,961	115,976	661,081	(76,274)
Income tax provision (recovery)	65,255	29,869	168,149	(17,525)
Net income (loss) and total comprehensive income (loss)	192,706	86,107	492,932	(58,749)
Net income (loss) per share				
Basic and diluted	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding				
Basic and diluted	10,220,187	10,220,187	10,220,187	10,220,187

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Share capital ⁽¹⁾		Share-based payments reserve ⁽²⁾	Retained earnings (deficit)	Total shareholders' equity
	Number of common shares	Amount			
Balance at September 30, 2011	10,220,187	\$ 1,757,643	\$ 256,858	\$ (247,062)	\$ 1,767,439
Net loss and total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(58,749)	(58,749)
Balance at March 31, 2012	10,220,187	1,757,643	256,858	(305,811)	1,708,690
Balance at September 30, 2012	10,220,187	1,757,643	256,858	65,750	2,080,251
Net income and total comprehensive income	-	-	-	492,932	492,932
Balance at March 31, 2013	10,220,187	1,757,643	256,858	558,682	2,573,183

⁽¹⁾ Authorized share capital is comprised of an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value. No preferred shares have been issued.

⁽²⁾ The share-based payments reserve is comprised of the grant date fair value of share options that have expired unexercised.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Six months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ 492,932	\$ (58,749)
Items not affecting cash		
Depreciation	146,391	154,717
Deferred income taxes	168,149	(17,525)
Change in fair value of derivatives	(3,743)	(4,311)
Rent inducement	(18,416)	8,867
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	23,380	-
Unrealized foreign exchange loss (gain)	3,650	(2,217)
Finance costs	56,604	44,891
	868,947	125,673
Change in non-cash operating working capital		
Trade and other receivables	(1,205,217)	416,502
Inventories	(316,890)	(40,826)
Prepaid expenses	(7,399)	(161,181)
Trade payables, accrued charges and other	(10,687)	(205,412)
Customer deposits	160,420	253,243
	(1,379,773)	262,326
Interest paid	(52,655)	(18,351)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(563,481)	369,648
Investing activities		
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash (Note 6)	300,000	(50,000)
Purchase of property and equipment	(95,839)	(21,433)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	204,161	(71,433)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from packing credit loans (Note 5)	989,448	-
Repayment of revolving loans (Note 6)	(100,000)	-
Proceeds from (repayment of) notes payable (Note 6)	(300,000)	50,000
Repayment of finance lease liabilities	(46,727)	(71,680)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	542,721	(21,680)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	183,401	276,535
Cash and cash equivalents (overdraft) at beginning of the period	841,008	(157,045)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	\$ 1,024,409	\$ 119,490
Supplemental cash flow disclosure:		
Non-cash transactions - property and equipment	\$ -	\$ 3,748

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited *(Expressed in Canadian dollars)*

1. Nature of business and corporate information

Iplayco Corporation Ltd. (the "Corporation") is incorporated under the Alberta Business Corporations Act and its shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange (TSX-V: IPC).

The Corporation's business is carried out through its wholly owned subsidiaries, International Play Company Inc. ("IPC") and Outdoor Play Company Inc. ("OPC"). IPC designs, manufactures and installs play structures for children, from its plant in Langley, British Columbia, Canada. OPC owns and operates a family entertainment centre in Langley, British Columbia, Canada.

The Corporation's head office is located at #215 – 27353, 58th Crescent, Langley, British Columbia, Canada, V4W 3W7 and its registered office is located at Suite 1200, 700 – 2nd Street, S.W., Calgary, Alberta, T2P 4V5.

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements do not include all of the information required for complete annual financial statements.

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 16, 2013.

Basis of measurement

These Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on a going-concern basis, under the historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at fair value through profit or loss.

Functional and presentation currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Corporation and its subsidiaries is the Canadian dollar.

3. Significant accounting policies

The accompanying financial information reflects the same accounting policies and methods of application as the Corporation's Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended September 30, 2012.

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of these Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements requires the Corporation's management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in these financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

The estimates and assumptions critical to the determination of carrying value of the Corporation's assets and liabilities are discussed below:

Revenue

Revenues under long-term fixed price contracts provide for receipt of payment based on achieving defined milestones. Revenues are recognized under these contracts based on management's estimate of progress achieved against these milestones. Changes in management's estimated costs to complete a contract may result in an adjustment to previously recognized revenues.

Allowance for doubtful accounts and sales adjustments

In determining whether trade receivables are collectible from customers, management establishes an allowance for estimated losses arising from non-payment and other sales adjustments, taking into consideration customer creditworthiness, current economic trends and past experience. If future collections differ from management's estimates, future earnings would be affected.

Inventory

In determining the lower of cost and net realizable value of inventory and in establishing the appropriate impairment amount for inventory obsolescence, management estimates the likelihood that inventory carrying values will be affected by changes in market pricing or demand for the products and by changes in design which could make inventory on hand obsolete or recoverable at less than the recorded value. Management performs regular reviews to assess the impact of changes in design, sales trends and other changes on the carrying value of inventory. Where it is determined that such changes have occurred and will have an impact on the value of inventory on hand, appropriate adjustments are made.

If there is a subsequent increase in the value of inventory on hand, reversals of previous write-downs to net realizable value are made. Unforeseen changes in these factors could result in additional inventory provisions, or reversals of previous provisions, being required.

Property and equipment

Management estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period during which the assets are expected to be available for use. The amounts and timing of recorded expenses for depreciation of property and equipment for any period are affected by these estimated useful lives. The estimates are reviewed at least annually and are updated if expectations change as a result of physical wear and tear or commercial obsolescence. It is possible that changes in these factors may cause significant changes in the estimated useful lives of the Corporation's property and equipment in the future.

Income taxes

The Corporation's manufacturing operations generate sales from customers located in various tax jurisdictions and as a result, the Corporation's income may become subject to taxation in those jurisdictions. The complexity of tax regulations requires assessments of uncertainties and judgments in estimating the taxes the Corporation will ultimately pay. The final taxes paid may be dependent upon many factors, including negotiations with various taxing authorities, outcomes of potential tax litigation and resolution of disputes arising from federal, provincial, state and local tax audits. The resolution of these potential uncertainties and the associated final taxes may result in adjustments to the Corporation's tax assets and tax liabilities.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

4. Critical accounting estimates and judgments (continued)

The Corporation estimates deferred income taxes based upon temporary differences between the assets and liabilities that it reports in its consolidated financial statements and the tax bases of its assets and liabilities as determined under applicable tax laws. The amount of deferred tax assets recognized is generally limited to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the related deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Therefore, the amount of the deferred income tax asset recognized and considered realizable could be reduced if projected income is not achieved.

5. Credit facilities

On December 20, 2012, the Corporation entered into the following credit facility agreements (the "Credit Facilities") with HSBC Bank Canada (the "Bank"):

(a) Export Loan Facility

The Export Loan Facility is comprised of a packing credit facility in the form of a demand revolving line of U.S. \$1,350,000 (\$1,333,000 in Canadian dollars) ("Packing Credit Facility") and a trade invoice non-recourse financing facility in the form of a demand revolving line of U.S. \$2,700,000 (\$2,666,000 in Canadian dollars) ("TINRFF Facility").

Packing Credit Facility

Under the Packing Credit Facility, the Corporation may finance up to 75% of its purchasing, processing, manufacturing and packaging costs ("Packing Costs") for customer purchase orders approved by the Bank. The Packing Credit Facility bears interest at the U.S. dollar London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 3.50% per annum and is payable on demand or within 90 days for advances relating to Packing Costs from suppliers located within Canada and 120 days for advances relating to Packing Costs from suppliers located outside of Canada.

TINRFF Facility

Under the TINRFF Facility, the Bank may at its sole discretion purchase from the Corporation select insured trade receivables of the Corporation at a discount fee of LIBOR plus 3.50%.

(b) Foreign Exchange Loan Facility

The Foreign Exchange Loan Facility is a demand revolving line of \$1,800,000 for the purchase of foreign exchange forward contracts and options up to an aggregate of \$6,000,000, with a maximum maturity of 12 months.

The Credit Facilities are governed and secured by a general security agreement creating a first priority security interest in all property of the Corporation. The conditions of credit include compliance with various covenants.

At March 31, 2013, the Corporation has drawn U.S. \$974,250 (\$989,448 in Canadian dollars) under the Packing Credit Facility of which U.S. \$483,000 (\$490,535 in Canadian dollars) matures on May 30, 2013, and U.S. \$491,250 (\$498,913 in Canadian dollars) matures on June 21, 2013 (collectively, the "Packing Credit Loans").

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited *(Expressed in Canadian dollars)*

5. Credit facilities (continued)

Under the TINRFF Facility, a portion of the proceeds from the sale of trade receivables is used to extinguish the underlying Packing Credit Loans on or before their respective maturity dates.

At March 31, 2013, the Corporation has entered into one foreign exchange forward contract, under the Foreign Exchange Loan Facility, with a remaining commitment to sell \$550,000 of U.S. dollars on or before April 30, 2013 at a rate of \$1.0227. The fair value of the foreign exchange forward contract at March 31, 2013 is an asset of \$3,743 and is recorded as a foreign exchange gain in the statement of operations.

6. Related party transactions

On February 1, 2013, the Corporation renewed its revolving loans with three of its directors, including the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and President, and the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer (collectively, the "Lenders of the Revolving Loans"), to borrow the aggregate principal amount of \$310,000 at an interest rate of 15.00% per annum (the "Revolving Loans"). The Corporation agreed with one of its directors to not renew a Revolving Loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$100,000, pursuant to which the Corporation paid the aggregate sum of \$111,295, including accrued interest, to the director.

On March 22, 2013, the standby letter of credit of \$300,000 in favour of Export Development Canada (the "Letter of Credit") was cancelled and restricted cash of \$300,000 from the Notes Payable, used as collateral to secure the Letter of Credit, was released to the Corporation, pursuant to which the Corporation paid the aggregate sum of \$379,274, including accrued interest of \$79,274, to an independent director of the Corporation, a former independent director of the Corporation, the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer, President and Executive Vice-President.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Segment reporting and concentration of sales

(a) Business segments

The Corporation operates in two business segments: Manufacturing of play structures for children and operating a Family Entertainment Centre.

The accounting policies of the two business segments are the same as those described in Note 3. Inter-segment balances, transactions and revenues and expenses are eliminated upon consolidation.

Information related to the two business segments' operations is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2013		
	Manufacturing	Family Entertainment Centre	Total
Sales to external customers	\$ 2,777,034	\$ 446,720	\$ 3,223,754
Cost of sales	1,829,101	236,592	2,065,693
Gross profit	947,933	210,128	1,158,061
Selling and administrative expenses	751,112	144,614	895,726
Foreign exchange gain	(21,461)	-	(21,461)
Finance costs	25,307	528	25,835
Income taxes	1,362	63,893	65,255
Net income	\$ 191,613	\$ 1,093	\$ 192,706
Total assets	\$ 4,738,064	\$ 1,269,079	\$ 6,007,143
Total liabilities	\$ 3,254,162	\$ 179,798	\$ 3,433,960
Depreciation expense	\$ 39,689	\$ 35,628	\$ 75,317
Acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 55,390	\$ 3,247	\$ 58,637

	Six months ended March 31, 2013		
	Manufacturing	Family Entertainment Centre	Total
Sales to external customers	\$ 5,890,920	\$ 828,329	\$ 6,719,249
Cost of sales	3,722,121	490,280	4,212,401
Gross profit	2,168,799	338,049	2,506,848
Selling and administrative expenses	1,471,641	327,916	1,799,557
Foreign exchange gain	(10,394)	-	(10,394)
Finance costs	55,097	1,507	56,604
Income taxes	117,550	50,599	168,149
Net income (loss)	\$ 534,905	\$ (41,973)	\$ 492,932
Total assets	\$ 4,738,064	\$ 1,269,079	\$ 6,007,143
Total liabilities	\$ 3,254,162	\$ 179,798	\$ 3,433,960
Depreciation expense	\$ 70,345	\$ 76,046	\$ 146,391
Acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 86,774	\$ 9,065	\$ 95,839

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Segment reporting and concentration of sales (continued)

(a) Business segments (continued)

	Three months ended March 31, 2012		
	Manufacturing	Family Entertainment Centre	Total
Sales to external customers	\$ 2,355,745	\$ 406,920	\$ 2,762,665
Cost of sales	1,554,501	207,756	1,762,257
Gross profit	801,244	199,164	1,000,408
Selling and administrative expenses	728,641	137,728	866,369
Foreign exchange gain	(4,484)	-	(4,484)
Finance costs	20,053	2,494	22,547
Income taxes	24,108	5,761	29,869
Net income	\$ 32,926	\$ 53,181	\$ 86,107
Total assets	\$ 2,738,913	\$ 1,336,371	\$ 4,075,284
Total liabilities	\$ 2,068,435	\$ 298,159	\$ 2,366,594
Depreciation expense	\$ 36,968	\$ 38,909	\$ 75,877
Acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 9,797	\$ 2,076	\$ 11,873

	Six months ended March 31, 2012		
	Manufacturing	Family Entertainment Centre	Total
Sales to external customers	\$ 3,762,148	\$ 784,845	\$ 4,546,993
Cost of sales	2,487,200	408,025	2,895,225
Gross profit	1,274,948	376,820	1,651,768
Selling and administrative expenses	1,391,288	281,019	1,672,307
Foreign exchange loss	10,844	-	10,844
Finance costs	39,115	5,776	44,891
Income taxes	(22,092)	4,567	(17,525)
Net income (loss)	\$ (144,207)	\$ 85,458	\$ (58,749)
Total assets	\$ 2,738,913	\$ 1,336,371	\$ 4,075,284
Total liabilities	\$ 2,068,435	\$ 298,159	\$ 2,366,594
Depreciation expense	\$ 75,818	\$ 78,899	\$ 154,717
Acquisition of property and equipment	\$ 18,190	\$ 6,991	\$ 25,181

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

7. Segment reporting and concentration of sales (continued)

(b) Geographic and customer information

All of the Corporation's assets are located in Canada.

The Corporation attributes sales amounts to geographical areas based on where the customer is located. Information related to geographical areas is as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,		Six months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Sales				
Canada	\$ 573,067	\$ 817,687	\$ 977,025	\$ 1,378,773
Americas	2,247,273	1,029,914	3,901,690	1,942,087
Other	403,414	915,064	1,840,534	1,226,133
	\$ 3,223,754	\$ 2,762,665	\$ 6,719,249	\$ 4,546,993

The approximate sales to significant customers, all from the manufacturing business segment, are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31,		Six months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Customer A	\$ -	\$ 846,906	\$ 1,525,201	\$ 1,061,970
Customer B	791,822	-	1,335,784	-
Customer C	-	300,000	-	-

8. Subsequent events

On April 29, 2013, the Credit Facilities described in Note 5 were amended to increase the demand revolving line for the Packing Credit Facility to U.S. \$1,500,000 (\$1,521,000 in Canadian dollars) from U.S. \$1,350,000, and to increase the demand revolving line for the TINRFF Facility to U.S. \$4,320,000 (\$4,380,000 in Canadian dollars) from U.S. \$2,700,000.

On May 1, 2013, the Corporation obtained subordinate debt financing of \$800,000 ("Subordinate Debt") from BDC Capital Inc. ("BDCC"). Proceeds from the Subordinate Debt will be used for general working capital purposes. The Subordinate Debt bears interest at BDCC's floating base rate (currently at 5.00%) plus 7.00% per annum. In addition, BDCC receives four annual royalty payments of 2.00% of the Corporation's consolidated earnings before interest (finance costs), income taxes and depreciation expenses ("EBITDA") to a maximum of \$1,000,000, plus 1.00% of EBITDA over \$1,000,000. The Subordinate Debt matures on April 15, 2017 and the principal is payable in 47 monthly instalments of \$8,250 (the "Monthly Instalments") and one instalment of \$412,250. In addition to the scheduled Monthly Instalments, the principal is payable by way of four annual payments, commencing on January 15, 2014, to a maximum of \$100,000 per annum (the "Excess Cash Flow Sweep"). The Subordinate Debt is secured by a general security agreement creating a first rank security interest in all intellectual property of the Corporation and subordinated in rank to any other security granted on all other property of the Corporation. The conditions of credit include compliance with various covenants.

Iplayco Corporation Ltd.

Notes to Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2013

Unaudited *(Expressed in Canadian dollars)*

8. Subsequent events (continued)

As part of the Subordinate Debt financing with BDCC, the Lenders of the Revolving Loans agreed to limit principal payments by the Corporation for the Revolving Loans to the lesser of 25% of the Excess Cash Flow Sweep or \$25,000 per annum, and to postpone any other principal payments until the earlier of: (i) the Corporation obtaining a line of credit on terms satisfactory to BDCC with sufficient margining to cover the principal payments for the Revolving Loans; or (ii) extinguishment of the Subordinate Debt.

On May 14, 2013, the Corporation sold trade receivables of U.S. \$1,310,600 (\$1,332,880 in Canadian dollars) ("Finance Receivables"), under the TINRFF Facility described in Note 5, for proceeds of U.S. \$671,883 (\$683,305 in Canadian dollars) net of: (i) U.S. \$131,060 (\$133,288 in Canadian dollars) representing the portion of the proceeds retained by the Bank to reduce their exposure to potential credit losses (the "Holdback"); (ii) U.S. \$483,000 (\$491,211 in Canadian dollars) representing payment of the Packing Credit Loan otherwise scheduled to mature on May 30, 2013; and (iii) U.S. \$24,657 (\$25,076 in Canadian dollars) representing the fees and interest charged by the Bank. Upon completion of the sale, the Finance Receivables are not derecognized since the Corporation does not transfer substantially all risks and rewards relevant to the sale of the Finance Receivables. The servicing of the Finance Receivables remains the responsibility of the Corporation and the Holdback represents the Corporation's maximum exposure to impaired Finance Receivables. The Holdback is remitted to the Corporation upon collection of the Finance Receivables by the Bank.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

This discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations ("MD&A") of Iplayco Corporation Ltd. ("Iplayco", "the Corporation", "we", "us", or "our") is prepared as of May 16, 2013 and should be read together in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and six-month periods ended March 31, 2013 and our annual audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011.

The results reported herein are presented in Canadian dollars, unless otherwise stated, and have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

We have prepared this MD&A with reference to National Instrument 51-102 "Continuous Disclosure Obligations" of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

Certain statements in this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements or forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable securities laws. You should carefully read the cautionary note in this MD&A regarding forward looking statements and should not place undue reliance on any such forward looking statements. See "Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements".

Additional information related to Iplayco, including our Management Proxy Circular, are filed with Canadian securities regulatory authorities on SEDAR at www.sedar.com and are also available on our website at www.iplaycoltd.com.

Overview

Our business is carried out through the Corporation's wholly owned subsidiaries International Play Company Inc. and Outdoor Play Company Inc. We operate in two business segments: (1) We design, manufacture and install customized indoor and outdoor play structures for children, from our plant in Langley, British Columbia ("Manufacturing" or "MFG"); and (2) we own and operate a family entertainment centre in Langley, British Columbia ("Family Entertainment Centre" or "FEC").

Consolidated Results

Sales for the three months ended March 31, 2013 ("Q2-13") increased by 16.7% to \$3,223,754 from \$2,762,665 for the three months ended March 31, 2012 ("Q2-12"). Gross profit percentage was 35.9% of sales in Q2-13 compared to 36.2% in Q2-12. Operating expenses, including foreign exchange gains and losses and finance costs, were \$900,100 or 27.9% of sales in Q2-13 compared to \$884,432 or 32.0% of sales in Q2-12. Net income in Q2-13 was \$192,706, or diluted net income per share of \$0.02, compared to net income of \$86,107, or diluted net income per share of \$0.01, in Q2-12.

Sales for the six months ended March 31, 2013 ("YTD – Q2-13") increased by 47.8% to \$6,719,249 from \$4,546,993 for the six months ended March 31, 2012 ("YTD – Q2-12"). Gross profit percentage was 37.3% of sales for YTD – Q2-13 compared to 36.3% for YTD – Q2-12. Operating expenses, including foreign exchange gains and losses and finance costs, were \$1,845,767 or 27.5% of sales for YTD – Q2-13 compared to \$1,728,042 or 38.0% of sales for YTD – Q2-12. Net income for YTD – Q2-13 was \$492,932, or diluted net income per share of \$0.05, compared to a net loss of \$58,749, or net loss per share of \$0.01, for YTD – Q2-12.

Manufacturing Operations

The time required to manufacture, deliver, and install playgrounds is largely dependent on the size and complexity of the play structures ordered by our customers. Factors such as customer location, capital expenditure budgets, and theme requirements, may cause project completion timelines to vary from several weeks to several months. Our products are sold and installed worldwide. Our customer



base includes family entertainment centres, theme parks, shopping malls, daycare centres, fitness clubs, municipalities and not-for-profit organizations.

Sales generated by our Manufacturing operations increased by 17.9% to \$2,777,034 in Q2-13 from \$2,355,745 in Q2-12. This increase is due primarily to higher sales to our customers located in the Americas, excluding Canada, who accounted for sales of \$2,247,273 (or 80.9% of total Manufacturing sales) in Q2-13 compared to \$1,029,914 (or 43.7%) in Q2-12, partially offset by lower sales to our customers located outside of the Americas, who accounted for sales of \$403,414 (or 14.5% of total Manufacturing sales) in Q2-13 compared to \$915,064 (or 38.9%) in Q2-12 and lower sales to our customer located in Canada who accounted for sales of \$126,347 (or 4.6% of total Manufacturing sales) in Q2-13 compared to \$410,767 (or 17.4%) in Q2-12.

Sales generated by our Manufacturing operations increased by 56.6% to \$5,890,920 for YTD – Q2-13 from \$3,762,148 for YTD – Q2-12. This increase is due primarily to higher sales to our customers located in the Americas, excluding Canada, who accounted for sales of \$3,901,690 (or 66.2% of total Manufacturing sales) for YTD – Q2-13 compared to \$1,942,087 (or 51.6%) for YTD – Q2-12, and higher sales to our customers located outside of the Americas, who accounted for sales of \$1,840,534 (or 31.3% of total Manufacturing sales) for YTD – Q2-13 compared to \$1,226,133 (or 32.6%) for YTD – Q2-12, partially offset by lower sales to our customer located in Canada who accounted for sales of \$148,696 (or 2.5% of total Manufacturing sales) in Q2-13 compared to \$593,928 (or 15.8%) for YTD – Q2-12.

In Q2-13, one customer accounted for 28.5% of total sales by our Manufacturing operations as compared to two customers accounting for 48.7% of total sales by our Manufacturing operations in Q2-12. For YTD – Q2-13, two customers accounted for 48.6% of total sales by our Manufacturing operations as compared to one customer accounting for 28.2% of total sales by our Manufacturing operations for YTD – Q2-12. Should these significant customers end their relationship with us, reduce or postpone current or expected purchase orders or suffer from business failure, our sales and profitability would decline materially. We expect continued business concentration from one significant customer in 2013. To manage credit risk from our customers we maintain trade receivables insurance.

We expected sales generated by our Manufacturing operations in Q2-13 to decrease moderately as compared to sales for the three months ended December 31, 2012 ("Q1-13"). Sales generated by our Manufacturing operations decreased by 10.8% to \$2,777,034 in Q2-13 from \$3,113,886 in Q2-12. Based on our updated sales forecast, we are expecting sales generated by our Manufacturing operations for the three months ended June 30, 2013 ("Q3-13") to increase moderately as compared to Q2-13.

Gross profit percentage increased marginally to 34.1% of sales by our Manufacturing operations in Q2-13 from 34.0% in Q2-12. We experienced similar sales mix in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12. We expected our gross profit percentage to decrease moderately in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13 due primarily to sales mix. Gross profit percentage decreased to 34.1% of sales by our Manufacturing operations in Q2-13 from 39.2% in Q1-13. Based on our updated sales-mix forecast, we are expecting the gross profit percentage from our Manufacturing operations to increase moderately in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13 due primarily to anticipated sales mix.

Gross profit percentage increased to 36.8% of sales by our Manufacturing operations for YTD – Q2-13 from 33.9% for YTD – Q2-12 due primarily to sales mix in Q1-13 which yielded a gross profit percentage of 39.2%.

Our Manufacturing operations generated net income of \$191,613 in Q2-13 compared to net income of \$32,926 in Q2-12. This increase is due primarily to higher sales in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12. We expected the net operating results from our Manufacturing operations to decrease moderately in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13 due primarily to lower anticipated sales and gross profit percentage in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13. Our Manufacturing operations generated net income of \$191,613 in Q2-13 compared to net income of \$343,292 in Q1-13. Based on our updated forecasts, we are expecting the net operating results from our Manufacturing operations to increase moderately in Q3-13 as compared



to Q2-13 due primarily to higher anticipated sales and gross profit percentage in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13.

Our Manufacturing operations generated net income of \$534,905 for YTD – Q2-13 compared to a net loss of \$144,207 for YTD – Q2-12. The significant improvement in net operating results for YTD – Q2-13 as compared to YTD – Q2-12 is due primarily to significantly higher sales and favourable sales mix that yielded higher gross profit for YTD – Q2-13 as compared to YTD – Q2-12.

Family Entertainment Centre Operations

Sales generated by our FEC operations increased by 9.8% to \$446,720 in Q2-13 from \$406,920 in Q2-12. We expected sales generated by our FEC operations to increase moderately in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13 due primarily to seasonality. Sales generated by our FEC operations increased by 17.1% to \$446,720 in Q2-13 from \$381,609 in Q1-13. Based on our updated sales forecast, we are expecting sales generated by our FEC operations to decrease moderately in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13 due primarily to seasonality.

Sales generated by our FEC operations increased by 5.5% to \$828,329 for YTD – Q2-13 from \$784,845 for YTD – Q2-12 due primarily to an increase in the number of customer visits to our FEC.

Our FEC operations generated net income of \$1,093 in Q2-13, compared to net income of \$53,181 in Q2-12. The decrease in net operating results in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12 is due primarily to a higher income tax expense in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12, otherwise, earnings before income taxes increased to \$64,986 in Q2-13, from 58,942 in Q2-12. We expected the net operating results from our FEC operations to improve significantly in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13 due primarily to seasonality. Our FEC operations generated net income of \$1,093 in Q2-13 as compared to a net loss of \$43,066 in Q1-13. Based on our updated forecasts, we are expecting the net operating results from our FEC operations to decrease moderately in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13 due primarily to lower anticipated sales resulting from seasonality.

Our FEC operations generated a net loss of \$41,973 for YTD – Q2-13, compared to net income of \$85,458 for YTD – Q2-12. The decrease in net operating results for YTD – Q2-13 as compared to YTD – Q2-12 is due primarily to the combined effect of lower gross profit by \$38,771 (or 10.3%) resulting primarily from higher staffing costs, higher selling and administrative expenses by \$46,897 (or 16.7%), and higher income tax expense by \$46,032 for YTD – Q2-13 as compared to YTD – Q2-12.

The net operating results from our FEC operations will continue to fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on seasonality factors, such as weather conditions and school holidays. Seasonality trends have developed in sales and net operating results, with Q2 historically generating the strongest operating results, due primarily to winter weather conditions that are generally conducive to indoor activities for children, resulting in a higher number of customer visits to our FEC. Conversely, our Q4 operating results have historically been the weakest due to summer weather conditions that are generally conducive to outdoor activities for children, resulting in a lower number of visits to our FEC.

Our business plan is to continue to search for new growth opportunities for our FEC operations. Our decision to expand will depend on finding appropriate facilities and obtaining additional financing. In order to continue our growth strategy, we will require additional financing to open new FECs, however, should our expansion plans succeed, it is our belief that our Manufacturing operations would also benefit by supplying play structures to the new FECs and in turn, these FECs would serve as a valuable showcase for our new play structures.



Results of Operations

The following tables set forth the operating results of our Manufacturing and our FEC business segments for the three and six months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, expressed as a percentage of total sales:

	Three months ended March 31, 2013			Three months ended March 31, 2012		
	MFG	FEC	Total	MFG	FEC	Total
Sales to external customers	86.1 %	13.9 %	100.0 %	85.3 %	14.7 %	100.0 %
Cost of sales	56.7	7.3	64.0	56.3	7.5	63.8
Gross profit	29.4	6.6	36.0	29.0	7.2	36.2
Selling and administrative expenses	23.3	4.5	27.8	26.4	5.0	31.4
Foreign exchange gain	(0.7)	-	(0.7)	(0.2)	-	(0.2)
Finance costs	0.8	-	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.8
Income taxes	0.0	2.0	2.0	0.9	0.2	1.1
Net income	6.0 %	0.1 %	6.1 %	1.2 %	1.9 %	3.1 %

	Six months ended March 31, 2013			Six months ended March 31, 2012		
	MFG	FEC	Total	MFG	FEC	Total
Sales to external customers	87.7 %	12.3 %	100.0 %	82.7 %	17.3 %	100.0 %
Cost of sales	55.4	7.3	62.7	54.7	9.0	63.7
Gross profit	32.3	5.0	37.3	28.0	8.3	36.3
Selling and administrative expenses	21.9	4.9	26.8	30.6	6.2	36.8
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(0.2)	-	(0.2)	0.2	-	0.2
Finance costs	0.8	-	0.8	0.9	0.1	1.0
Income taxes	1.7	0.8	2.5	(0.5)	0.1	(0.4)
Net income (loss)	8.1 %	(0.7) %	7.4 %	(3.2) %	1.9 %	(1.3) %

Our sales by business segment, and geographical region, are as follows:

	Three months ended March 31, 2013			Three months ended March 31, 2012		
	MFG	FEC	Total	MFG	FEC	Total
Sales						
Canada	3.9 %	13.9 %	17.8 %	14.9 %	14.7 %	29.6 %
Americas	69.7	-	69.7	37.3	-	37.3
Other	12.5	-	12.5	33.1	-	33.1
	86.1 %	13.9 %	100.0 %	85.3 %	14.7 %	100.0 %

	Six months ended March 31, 2013			Six months ended March 31, 2012		
	MFG	FEC	Total	MFG	FEC	Total
Sales						
Canada	2.2 %	12.3 %	14.5 %	13.1 %	17.3 %	30.4 %
Americas	58.1	-	58.1	42.6	-	42.6
Other	27.4	-	27.4	27.0	-	27.0
	87.7 %	12.3 %	100.0 %	82.7 %	17.3 %	100.0 %



Results of Operations – Three Months Ended March 31, 2013 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2012

Sales

Sales increased by \$461,089 (or 16.7%) to \$3,223,754 in Q2-13 from \$2,762,665 in Q2-12 due primarily to an increase in sales of \$421,289 by our Manufacturing operations.

In Q2-13, one significant customer accounted for 24.6% of our sales. In Q2-12, two significant customers accounted for 41.5% of our sales. We expect continued business concentration from one significant customer in Q3-13.

We expected our sales in Q2-13 to decrease moderately as compared to Q1-13. Sales decreased by \$271,741 (or 7.8%) to \$3,223,754 in Q2-13 from \$3,495,495 in Q1-13. Based on our updated sales forecasts, we are expecting sales to increase moderately in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13 due primarily to an anticipated increase in sales by our Manufacturing operations.

Gross Profit

Gross profit percentage decreased to 35.9% of sales in Q2-13 from 36.2% in Q2-12. This decrease is due primarily to our FEC operations which generated a gross profit percentage of 47.0% in Q2-13, compared to 48.9% in Q2-12 resulting primarily from higher staffing costs in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12.

We expected our gross profit percentage to decrease moderately in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13 due primarily to lower anticipated margins by our Manufacturing operations. Gross profit percentage decreased to 35.9% in Q2-13, compared to 38.6% in Q1-13. Based on our updated sales-mix forecast, we are expecting our gross profit percentage to increase moderately in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13 due primarily to anticipated higher margins by our Manufacturing operations.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses, including foreign exchange gains and losses and finance costs, increased by \$15,668 (or 1.8%) to \$900,100 in Q2-13, from \$884,432 in Q2-12. This increase is due primarily to higher selling and administrative expenses by our Manufacturing operations in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12.

We expected our operating expenses, as a percentage of sales, in Q2-13 to remain in-line with Q1-13. Our operating expenses increased marginally to 27.9% of sales in Q2-13 from 27.1% in Q1-13. Based on our updated forecasts, we are expecting operating expenses in Q3-13 to remain in-line, as a percentage of sales, compared to Q2-13.

Income Taxes

The deferred income tax expense of \$65,255 in Q2-13 corresponds to the decrease in the deferred income tax asset from December 31, 2012 to March 31, 2013 due to earnings before income taxes in Q2-13. The deferred income tax expense in Q2-13 is comprised of deferred income tax expenses of \$1,362 and \$63,893 by our Manufacturing and FEC operations, respectively. The deferred income tax expense of \$29,869 in Q2-12 corresponds to the decrease in the deferred income tax asset from December 31, 2011 to March 31, 2012 due to the earnings before income taxes in Q2-12. The deferred income tax expense in Q2-12 is comprised of deferred income tax expenses of \$24,108 and \$5,761 by our Manufacturing and FEC operations, respectively.

Based on anticipated earnings before income taxes for Q3-13, we expect to utilize the non-capital operating losses from prior fiscal years and continue to reduce our deferred income tax asset. We do not expect to incur a current income tax expense in Q3-13.



Net Operating Results

Net income and total comprehensive income was \$192,706, or diluted net income per share of \$0.02, in Q2-13, compared to net income and total comprehensive income of \$86,107, or net income per share of \$0.01, in Q2-12. The increase in net operating results is due primarily to an increase in net income by our Manufacturing operations.

We expected our net operating results to decrease moderately in Q2-13 as compared to Q1-13, due primarily to anticipated lower sales and gross profit percentage by our Manufacturing operations. We generated net income of \$192,706 in Q2-13, compared to net income of \$300,226 in Q1-13. Based on our updated forecasts, we are expecting net income to increase moderately in Q3-13 as compared to Q2-13, due primarily to anticipated higher sales and gross profit percentage by our Manufacturing operations.

Results of Operations – Six Months Ended March 31, 2013 Compared to Six Months Ended March 31, 2012

Sales

Sales increased by \$2,172,256 (or 47.8%) to \$6,719,249 for YTD – Q2-13 from \$4,546,993 for YTD – Q2-12 due primarily to an increase in sales of \$2,128,772 by our Manufacturing operations.

For YTD – Q2-13, two significant customers accounted for 42.6% of our sales. For YTD – Q2-12, one significant customer accounted for 23.4% of our sales. We expect continued business concentration from one significant customer in the second half of our 2013 fiscal year.

We are expecting moderate growth of our sales during the second half of our 2013 fiscal year due primarily to an anticipated increase in sales by our Manufacturing operations.

Gross Profit

Gross profit percentage increased to 37.3% of sales for YTD – Q2-13 from 36.3% for YTD – Q2-12. This increase is due primarily to a higher gross profit percentage by our Manufacturing operations which generated a gross profit percentage of 36.8% for YTD – Q2-13, compared to 33.9% for YTD – Q2-12.

We expect our gross profit percentage in the second half of our 2013 fiscal year to remain in-line with YTD – Q2-13 due primarily to similar anticipated sales-mix by our Manufacturing operations.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses, including foreign exchange gains and losses and finance costs, increased by \$117,725 (or 6.8%) to \$1,845,767 for YTD – Q2-13 from \$1,728,042 for YTD – Q2-12. This increase is due primarily to higher selling and administrative expenses from higher wages and benefits.

During the second half of our 2013 fiscal year, we expect the following as compared to YTD – Q2-13:

- Increase in selling and administrative expenses, excluding depreciation, due to anticipated higher wages and benefits, and higher selling and marketing expenses by our Manufacturing operations.
- Depreciation expense to remain in-line with YTD – Q2-13.



- Moderate increase in net foreign exchange loss due to an anticipated increase in our net assets denominated in U.S. dollars combined with our forecast strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar.
- Moderate increase in finance costs due primarily to the subordinate debt financing of \$800,000 obtained on May 1, 2013, partially offset by the extinguishment of the notes payable of \$300,000 on March 22, 2013 (see "Liquidity and Capital Resources").

Income Taxes

The deferred income tax expense of \$168,149 for YTD – Q2-13 corresponds to the decrease in the deferred income tax asset from September 30, 2012 to March 31, 2013 due to earnings before income taxes for YTD – Q2-13. The deferred income tax expense for YTD – Q2-13 is comprised of deferred income tax expenses of \$117,550 and \$50,599 by our Manufacturing and FEC operations, respectively. The deferred income tax recovery of \$17,525 for YTD – Q2-12 corresponds to the increase in the deferred income tax asset from September 30, 2011 to March 31, 2012 due to the loss before income taxes for YTD – Q2-12. The deferred income tax recovery for YTD – Q2-12 is comprised of a deferred income tax recovery of \$22,092 by our Manufacturing operations and a deferred income tax expense of \$4,567 by our FEC operations.

Based on anticipated earnings before income taxes for the second half of our 2013 fiscal year, we expect to utilize the non-capital operating losses from prior fiscal years and continue to reduce our deferred income tax asset. We may incur a current income tax expense in the second half of our 2013 fiscal year if our taxable income exceeds our non-capital operating losses from prior fiscal years.

Net Operating Results

Net income and total comprehensive income was \$492,932, or diluted net income per share of \$0.05, for YTD – Q2-13, compared to a net loss and total comprehensive loss of \$58,749, or net loss per share of \$0.01 for YTD – Q2-12. The increase in net operating results is due primarily to an increase in net income by our Manufacturing operations.

Based on our updated forecasts, we expect sales and net operating results by our Manufacturing operations to increase moderately in the second half of our 2013 fiscal year as compared to the first half of the year due primarily to our sales backlog. We are also expecting sales and net operating results from our FEC operations to decrease moderately due primarily to seasonality.



Quarterly Results of Operations

The following tables set forth unaudited consolidated statements of operations data, and unaudited statements of operations data for the Manufacturing and FEC business segments, for each of the eight most recent quarters that, in management's opinion, have been prepared on a basis consistent with the consolidated financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2012 and 2011. The unaudited quarterly statements of operations data presented below reflects all adjustments, consisting primarily of normal recurring adjustments, which are, in the opinion of management, necessary for a fair presentation of results for the interim periods. These operating results are not necessarily indicative of results for any future period.

	Q3-11	Q4-11	Q1-12	Q2-12	Q3-12	Q4-12	Q1-13	Q2-13
	30-Jun-11	30-Sep-11	31-Dec-11	31-Mar-12	30-Jun-12	30-Sep-12	31-Dec-12	31-Mar-13
CONSOLIDATED								
Sales	\$ 1,935,179	\$ 3,422,258	\$ 1,784,328	\$ 2,762,665	\$ 2,446,089	\$ 3,396,363	\$ 3,495,495	\$ 3,223,754
Cost of sales	1,467,456	2,440,110	1,132,968	1,762,257	1,584,619	1,995,979	2,146,708	2,065,693
Gross profit	467,723	982,148	651,360	1,000,408	861,470	1,400,384	1,348,787	1,158,061
Selling and administrative expenses	800,890	868,886	805,938	866,369	868,537	826,623	903,831	895,726
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(5,305)	(15,286)	15,328	(4,484)	(5,248)	16,253	11,067	(21,461)
Finance costs	11,800	9,205	22,344	22,547	25,078	34,508	30,769	25,835
Income taxes	(104,747)	50,446	(47,394)	29,869	(6,072)	130,614	102,894	65,255
Net income (loss)	\$ (234,915)	\$ 68,897	\$ (144,856)	\$ 86,107	\$ (20,825)	\$ 392,386	\$ 300,226	\$ 192,706
Basic and diluted net income (loss) per share	(0.02)	0.01	(0.01)	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.03	0.02

	Q3-11	Q4-11	Q1-12	Q2-12	Q3-12	Q4-12	Q1-13	Q2-13
	30-Jun-11	30-Sep-11	31-Dec-11	31-Mar-12	30-Jun-12	30-Sep-12	31-Dec-12	31-Mar-13
MANUFACTURING								
Sales	\$ 1,582,484	\$ 3,147,834	\$ 1,406,403	\$ 2,355,745	\$ 2,113,724	\$ 3,118,263	\$ 3,113,886	\$ 2,777,034
Cost of sales	1,281,625	2,253,274	932,699	1,554,501	1,383,124	1,802,634	1,893,020	1,829,101
Gross profit	300,859	894,560	473,704	801,244	730,600	1,315,629	1,220,866	947,933
Selling and administrative expenses	655,634	701,321	662,647	728,641	734,159	668,567	720,529	751,112
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	(5,305)	(15,286)	15,328	(4,484)	(5,248)	16,253	11,067	(21,461)
Finance costs	5,361	4,139	19,062	20,053	25,121	29,512	29,790	25,307
Income taxes	(89,933)	71,811	(46,200)	24,108	1,608	161,731	116,188	1,362
Net income (loss)	\$ (264,898)	\$ 132,575	\$ (177,133)	\$ 32,926	\$ (25,040)	\$ 439,566	\$ 343,292	\$ 191,613

	Q3-11	Q4-11	Q1-12	Q2-12	Q3-12	Q4-12	Q1-13	Q2-13
	30-Jun-11	30-Sep-11	31-Dec-11	31-Mar-12	30-Jun-12	30-Sep-12	31-Dec-12	31-Mar-13
FEC								
Sales	\$ 352,695	\$ 274,424	\$ 377,925	\$ 406,920	\$ 332,365	\$ 278,100	\$ 381,609	\$ 446,720
Cost of sales	185,831	186,836	200,269	207,756	201,495	193,345	253,688	236,592
Gross profit	166,864	87,588	177,656	199,164	130,870	84,755	127,921	210,128
Selling and administrative expenses	145,256	167,565	143,291	137,728	134,378	158,056	183,302	144,614
Finance costs	6,439	5,066	3,282	2,494	(43)	4,996	979	528
Income taxes	(14,814)	(21,365)	(1,194)	5,761	(7,680)	(31,117)	(13,294)	63,893
Net income (loss)	\$ 29,983	\$ (63,678)	\$ 32,277	\$ 53,181	\$ 4,215	\$ (47,180)	\$ (43,066)	\$ 1,093

Our quarterly results fluctuate because our operating expenses are determined based on anticipated sales, however these operating expenses are generally fixed and are incurred throughout each quarter. The impact of significant items incurred during these interim periods is discussed in more detail in our condensed consolidated interim financial statements and MD&A.



The following are significant items affecting our consolidated quarterly results of operations:

- The decrease in net operating results from Q2-11 to Q3-11 is due primarily to lower gross profit percentage and higher selling and administrative expenses in Q3-11 compared to Q2-11.
- The increase in net operating results from Q3-11 to Q4-11 is due primarily to higher sales and gross profit in Q4-11 compared to Q3-11.
- The decrease in net operating results from Q4-11 to Q1-12 is due primarily to lower sales, partially offset by higher gross profit percentage and lower operating expenses in Q1-12 compared to Q4-11.
- The increase in net operating results from Q1-12 to Q2-12 is due primarily to higher sales and gross profit in Q2-12 compared to Q1-12.
- The decrease in net operating results from Q2-12 to Q3-12 is due primarily to lower sales and gross profit in Q3-12 compared to Q2-12.
- The increase in net operating results from Q3-12 to Q4-12 is due primarily to higher sales and gross profit in Q4-12 compared to Q3-12.
- The decrease in net operating results from Q4-12 to Q1-13 is due primarily to lower gross profit in Q1-13 compared to Q4-12.
- The decrease in net operating results from Q1-13 to Q2-13 is due primarily to lower gross profit in Q2-13 compared to Q1-13.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Operating Activities

Cash used by operating activities amounted to \$388,254 in Q2-13, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$189,041 in Q2-12. The change in cash from operating activities is due primarily to higher working capital requirements in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12.

Cash used by operating activities amounted to \$563,481 for YTD – Q2-13, compared to cash provided by operating activities of \$369,648 for YTD – Q2-12. The change in cash from operating activities is due primarily to higher working capital requirements in Q2-13 as compared to Q2-12.

We expect cash flows from our operating activities to continue to fluctuate from quarter to quarter based on variability in our net operating results and changes in our working capital requirements.

Investing Activities

Cash provided by investing activities amounted to \$232,331 in Q2-13, compared to cash used by investing activities of \$10,067 in Q2-12. The change in cash from investing activities is due primarily to the decrease in restricted cash in Q2-13 (see "Related Party Transactions").

Cash provided by investing activities amounted to \$204,161 for YTD – Q2-13, compared to cash used by investing activities of \$71,433 for YTD – Q2-12. The change in cash from investing activities is due primarily to the decrease in restricted cash in Q2-13 (see "Related Party Transactions").

Our business plan is to continue to search for new growth opportunities for our Manufacturing and FEC operations. Our decision to expand will depend on finding appropriate facilities and obtaining additional financing.

We have not entered into any proposed material asset or business acquisition or disposition agreements, and except in such instances, we do not anticipate to significantly increase our investment in capital expenditures in 2013.



Financing Activities

Cash provided by financing activities amounted to \$577,728 in Q2-13, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$35,477 in Q2-12. The change in cash from financing activities is due primarily to the proceeds of \$989,448 from the packing credit loans (see "Credit Facilities"), partially offset by repayments of the revolving loans and the notes payable in Q2-13 (see "Related Party Transactions").

Cash provided by financing activities amounted to \$542,721 for YTD – Q2-13, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$21,680 for YTD – Q2-12. The change in cash from financing activities is due primarily to the proceeds of \$989,448 from the packing credit loans (see "Credit Facilities"), partially offset by repayments of the revolving loans and the notes payable in Q2-13 (see "Related Party Transactions").

We would depend on additional financing to fund new growth opportunities for our FEC operations.

Our off-balance sheet financing is comprised of long-term operating lease agreements concluded in the normal course of business for premises and certain equipment. The Corporation has no off-balance sheet finance or special purpose entities.

Cash Requirements

Our near-term cash requirements are primarily related to funding our operations, repayment of our loans, subordinate debt, and leases, and funding of capital expenditures. Our sources of cash include cash on hand, trade receivables, customer deposits, cash from operations, and proceeds from our credit facilities (See "Credit Facilities") and subordinate debt (See "Sources and Uses of Cash"). We expect our sources of cash to be sufficient to fund our forecast cash outflows for at least the next twelve months.

Sources and Uses of Cash

The source of funds for our future capital expenditures and commitments includes cash on hand, trade receivables, borrowings, and cash from operations, as follows:

- At March 31, 2013, cash and cash equivalents amounted to \$1,024,409 (September 30, 2012 – \$841,008).
- At March 31, 2013, trade and other receivables amounted to \$2,081,230 (September 30, 2012 – 879,663).
- On April 29, 2013, our credit facilities were amended to increase the demand revolving line for the packing credit facility to U.S. \$1,500,000 (\$1,521,000 in Canadian dollars) from U.S. \$1,350,000, and to increase the demand revolving line for the trade invoice non-recourse financing facility to U.S. \$4,320,000 (\$4,380,000 in Canadian dollars) from U.S. \$2,700,000 (See "Credit Facilities").
- On May 1, 2013, we obtained subordinate debt financing of \$800,000 ("Subordinate Debt") from BDC Capital Inc. ("BDCC"). Proceeds from the Subordinate Debt will be used for general working capital purposes. The Subordinate Debt bears interest at BDCC's floating base rate (currently at 5.00%) plus 7.00% per annum. In addition, BDCC receives four annual royalty payments of 2.00% of the Corporation's consolidated earnings before interest (finance costs), income taxes and depreciation expenses ("EBITDA") to a maximum of \$1,000,000, plus 1.00% of EBITDA over \$1,000,000. The Subordinate Debt matures on April 15, 2017 and the principal is payable in 47 monthly instalments of \$8,250 (the "Monthly Instalments") and one instalment of \$412,250. In addition to the scheduled Monthly Instalments, the principal is payable by way of four annual payments, commencing on January 15, 2014, to a maximum of \$100,000 per annum (the "Excess Cash Flow Sweep"). The Subordinate Debt is secured by a general security agreement creating a first rank security interest in all intellectual property of the Corporation and subordinated in rank to any other security granted on all other property of the Corporation. The conditions of credit include compliance with various covenants.



- On May 14, 2013, we sold trade receivables of U.S. \$1,310,600 (\$1,332,880 in Canadian dollars) ("Finance Receivables"), under our trade invoice non-recourse financing facility, for proceeds of U.S. \$671,883 (\$683,305 in Canadian dollars) net of: (i) U.S. \$131,060 (\$133,288 in Canadian dollars) representing the portion of the proceeds retained by the Bank to reduce their exposure to potential credit losses (the "Holdback"); (ii) U.S. \$483,000 (\$491,211 in Canadian dollars) representing payment of the Packing Credit Loan otherwise scheduled to mature on May 30, 2013 (See "Credit Facilities"); and (iii) U.S. \$24,657 (\$25,076 in Canadian dollars) representing the fees and interest charged by the Bank. The Holdback is remitted to the Corporation upon collection of the Finance Receivables by the Bank.

Credit Facilities

On December 20, 2012, we entered into the following credit facility agreements (the "Credit Facilities") with HSBC Bank Canada (the "Bank"):

Export Loan Facility

The Export Loan Facility is comprised of a packing credit facility in the form of a demand revolving line of U.S. \$1,350,000 (\$1,333,000 in Canadian dollars) ("Packing Credit Facility") and a trade invoice non-recourse financing facility in the form of a demand revolving line of U.S. \$2,700,000 (\$2,666,000 in Canadian dollars) ("TINRFF Facility").

On April 29, 2013, the Credit Facilities were amended to increase the demand revolving line for the Packing Credit facility to U.S. \$1,500,000 (\$1,521,000 in Canadian dollars) from U.S. \$1,350,000, and to increase the demand revolving line for the TINRFF Facility to U.S. \$4,320,000 (\$4,380,000 in Canadian dollars) from U.S. \$2,700,000.

- Packing Credit Facility

Under the Packing Credit Facility, we may finance up to 75% of our purchasing, processing, manufacturing and packaging costs ("Packing Costs") for customer purchase orders approved by the Bank. The Packing Credit Facility bears interest at the U.S. dollar London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR") plus 3.50% per annum and is payable on demand or within 90 days for advances relating to Packing Costs from suppliers located within Canada and 120 days for advances relating to Packing Costs from suppliers located outside of Canada.

- TINRFF Facility

Under the TINRFF Facility, the Bank may at its sole discretion purchase from the Corporation select insured trade receivables of the Corporation at a discount fee of LIBOR plus 3.50%.

Foreign Exchange Loan Facility

The Foreign Exchange Loan Facility is a demand revolving line of \$1,800,000 for the purchase of foreign exchange forward contracts and options up to an aggregate of \$6,000,000, with a maximum maturity of 12 months.

The Credit Facilities are governed and secured by a general security agreement creating a first priority security interest in all property of the Corporation. The conditions of credit include compliance with various covenants.

At March 31, 2013, U.S. \$974,250 (\$989,448 in Canadian dollars) has been drawn under the Packing Credit Facility of which U.S. \$483,000 (\$490,535 in Canadian dollars) matures on May 30, 2013, and U.S. \$491,250 (\$498,913 in Canadian dollars) matures on June 21, 2013 (collectively, the "Packing Credit Loans").



Under the TINRFF Facility, a portion of the proceeds from the sale of trade receivables is used to extinguish the underlying Packing Credit Loans on or before their respective maturity dates.

Market Risk Disclosure

Currency risk

We are exposed to currency fluctuations and exchange rate risk on all operations conducted in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. We cannot accurately predict the future effects of foreign currency fluctuations on our financial condition or results of operations.

We are exposed to foreign currency fluctuations because a significant portion of our sales are denominated in U.S. dollars and a significant portion of our expenses are incurred in Canadian dollars. We monitor our exposure to fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar and manage this risk by entering into foreign exchange forward contracts. We do not enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for speculative purposes.

As described above in "Credit Facilities", on December 20, 2012, we entered into a foreign exchange loan agreement for a demand revolving line of \$1,800,000 to purchase foreign exchange forward contracts and options up to an aggregate of \$6,000,000, with a maximum maturity of 12 months (the "Foreign Exchange Loan Facility"). We intend to use this facility to manage our currency risk resulting from fluctuations in foreign exchange rates between primarily the U.S. dollar and the Canadian dollar.

At March 31, 2013, we entered into one foreign exchange forward contract, under our Foreign Exchange Loan Facility, with a remaining commitment to sell \$550,000 of U.S. dollars on or before April 30, 2013 at a rate of \$1.0227. At September 30, 2012, there were no foreign exchange forward contracts outstanding.

Credit risk

Our credit risk is primarily attributable to our trade receivables. Trade receivables are disclosed in our consolidated statements of financial position net of provision for bad debts, estimated based on our prior experience and assessment of the current economic environment. We manage our credit risk through ongoing credit evaluations of our customers and by maintaining trade receivables insurance.

At March 31, 2013, three significant customers represent approximately 88% of the trade receivables balance (September 30, 2012 – two customers represent approximately 64%). In our view, these accounts do not represent a significant credit risk.

The credit risk associated with our cash and cash equivalents is limited because these assets are held through large Canadian financial institutions with high investment grade ratings.

Interest rate risk

Our interest rate risk arises primarily from our export loan facilities which bear interest at LIBOR plus 3.50% and our Subordinate Debt which bears interest at BDCC's floating base rate (currently at 5.00%) plus 7.00% per annum. The Revolving Loans bear interest at a fixed rate of 15.00% per annum.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. We manage our liquidity risk by maintaining cash and available funds from our existing credit facilities, as outlined above in "Liquidity and Capital Resources".



Legal Proceedings

We are engaged in certain legal actions in the ordinary course of business and believe that the ultimate outcome of these actions will not have a material adverse effect on our operating results, liquidity or financial position.

Related Party Transactions

On February 1, 2013, the Corporation renewed its revolving loans with three of its directors, including the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and President, and the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer (collectively, the "Lenders of the Revolving Loans"), to borrow the aggregate principal amount of \$310,000 at an interest rate of 15.00% per annum (the "Revolving Loans"). The Corporation agreed with one of its directors to not renew a Revolving Loan in the aggregate principal amount of \$100,000, pursuant to which the Corporation paid the aggregate sum of \$111,295, including accrued interest, to the director. On May 1, 2013, as part of the Subordinate Debt financing with BDCC, the Lenders of the Revolving Loans agreed to limit principal payments by the Corporation for the Revolving Loans to the lesser of 25% of the Excess Cash Flow Sweep or \$25,000 per annum, and to postpone any other principal payments until the earlier of: (i) the Corporation obtaining a line of credit on terms satisfactory to BDCC with sufficient margining to cover the principal payments for the Revolving Loans; or (ii) extinguishment of the Subordinate Debt.

On March 22, 2013, the standby letter of credit of \$300,000 in favour of Export Development Canada (the "Letter of Credit") was cancelled and restricted cash of \$300,000 from the Notes Payable, used as collateral to secure the Letter of Credit, was released to the Corporation, pursuant to which the Corporation paid the aggregate sum of \$379,274, including accrued interest of \$79,274, to an independent director of the Corporation, a former independent director of the Corporation, the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer, President and Executive Vice-President.

Outstanding Share Capital

At March 31, 2013 and May 16, 2013, the Corporation had 10,220,187 common shares issued and outstanding and no share options outstanding.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements in this report that are not based on historical facts constitute forward-looking statements or forward-looking information within the meaning of Canadian securities laws ("forward-looking statements"). These forward-looking statements are not promises or guarantees of future performance but are only predictions that relate to future events, conditions or circumstances or our future results, performance, achievements or developments and are subject to substantial known and unknown risks, assumptions, uncertainties and other factors that could cause our actual results, performance, achievements or developments in our business or in our industry to differ materially from those expressed, anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include disclosure regarding possible events, conditions circumstances or results of operations that are based on assumptions about future economic conditions, courses of action and other future events. We caution you not to place undue reliance upon any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made. These forward-looking statements appear in a number of different places in this report and can be identified by words such as "may", "estimates", "projects", "expects", "intends", "believes", "plans", "anticipates", "continue", "growing", "expanding" or their negatives or other comparable words. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding the outlook for our future operations, plans and timing for the introduction or enhancement of our services and products, statements concerning strategies or developments, statements about future market conditions, supply conditions, end customer demand conditions, sales, gross profit, operating expenses, profits, forecasts of future costs and expenditures, the



outcome of legal proceedings, and other expectations, intentions and plans that are not historical fact. The risk factors and uncertainties that may affect our actual results, performance, achievements or developments are many and include, amongst others, our ability to develop, manufacture, supply and market new products that we do not produce today and that meet the needs of customers, the continuous commitment of our customers and increased competition. Many of the risk factors that affect our business are beyond our control. Consequently, all forward-looking statements in this report are qualified by this cautionary statement and we cannot assure you that the actual results, performance, achievements or developments that we anticipate will be realized. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current plans, estimates, projections, beliefs and opinions and we do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements should the assumptions related to these plans, estimates, projections, beliefs and opinions change, except as required by law.